

Weather

Occasional showers today. The maximum temperature yesterday was 89.6 and the minimum 76.4, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 91.4 and 76.1.

THE CHINA PRESS

報 陸 大

A Live Newspaper Devoted to Progress in China

NO. 2448 VOL. VIII. Registered at the Chinese P. O. for transmission with special marks privileges in China.

本報開七月初二日

SHANGHAI, TUESDAY, AUGUST 26, 1919

大正四年 第三種郵便物認可 10 CENTS

PEKING RESENTS DEMANDS MADE BY AUSTRIA IN PARIS

Payment To New State Of Boxer Indemnity One Of Things Asked

CLAIMS PROPERTY

Settlement Also Expected If China Takes Over Tientsin Concession

WIRES DELEGATES

They Are Instructed To Reject Proposals That Have Been Made

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, August 22.—According to telegrams that have been received in Peking the Austrian Delegation has proposed to the Conference that the balance of the Boxer Indemnity, formerly due to Austria-Hungary should be paid to the new Austrian State.

2.—That in the event of China retaining the Austrian Concession at Tientsin China should pay to Austria the value of all buildings that have been erected there by Austro-Hungarian subjects, and that Austrian citizens should be eligible to purchase land (in the former Austro-Hungarian Concession) in China.

3.—That while Austria makes no protest against the action of China during the war negotiations should be entered into between China and Austria regarding the future deportation of Austrian citizens and the disposal of Austrian property. Two other Austrian suggestions are known to have been made but they have not been disclosed.

Telegrams Given Instructions At yesterday's meeting of the Cabinet it was decided to telegraph instructions to the Chinese Delegation in Paris to refuse the proposals of the Austrian Delegation concerning the former Austro-Hungarian rights in China.

It is understood that the Government has decided in connection with the restoration of peace with Germany and Austria.

That property in enemy Consulates in China shall be kept under Chinese Government custody pending the enactment of new commercial treaties and the re-establishment of German and Austrian Consulates.

That the Tung Chin school in the French Concession at Shanghai should be converted into a language school in agreement with the French Authorities.

PRESIDENT OF GERMANY TAKES OATH OF OFFICE

Much Ceremony Attends Event At Weimar When Ebert Assumes Office

(Reuter's Service)

Weimar, August 21.—There was much ceremony today on the occasion of President Ebert taking the oath in the National Assembly. The President of the German Empire was received with military honors in the crowded square and an organ played as he entered the hall, which was decorated with flowers and packed with people.

In a speech President Ebert emphasized the need to labor in the service of the Empire in order to rebuild the Fatherland, whose new and vital principle was Freedom and Right.

Subsequently he spoke from a balcony and received an ovation from the people, who sang Deutschland über Alles.

Committees Named

Berlin, August 21.—A new foreign committee of the National Assembly has been formed with Herr Scheide-mann as President, also a committee for the investigation of war guilt with Herr Petersen, Democrat, as president and Dr. Spahn, Center, as vice president.

Admiral Saves Sailor From Drowning



Rear-Admiral Harry P. Huse.

Rear-Admiral Harry P. Huse, of the Atlantic Fleet, who, although he is past sixty years, pulled off his coat and leaped into the Hudson River, New York, to save a seaman from drowning. The incident happened on the night of July 2, when the Admiral was leaving his flagship, the U.S.S. Columbia, with his wife, but it did not become known for several days. Seaman William J. Buckley, bowman of the barge taking the party ashore, fell overboard. The Admiral without a moment's hesitation plunged into the river and swam to Buckley and kept him afloat until a lifeboat reached them. After the rescue the Admiral and Mrs. Huse went to the city. Admiral Huse was graduated from Annapolis in 1887 and was advanced five times for conspicuous conduct during the Spanish-American War. He won the Medal of Honor for conspicuous conduct during the American occupation of Vera Cruz.

Platt Amendment Urged By Harrison As Philippine Plan

Control Similar To That Over Cuba Recommended To Congress By Governor

The first intimation that the United States Government might exercise control over the Philippine Islands similar to that provided for Cuba by the Platt Amendment was made known yesterday by Mr. Francis Burton Harrison, Governor-General of the Islands, who was a visitor in Shanghai Sunday.

Such an arrangement should follow the granting of independence to the Philippines, Governor Harrison recommended at the joint hearing of congressional committees who heard the plea of the Philippine Independence Mission.

Representatives of the Committee on Insular Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Senate Committee on the Philippines as soon as the present session of congress ends. Governor Harrison said.

"Neither myself nor the Mission received any assurances from Congress or the joint committee that heard the arguments presented in behalf of independence," Harrison said.

Mr. Harrison said that the Independence Mission was received enthusiastically by the press and people of the United States. "The American people are with the Philippines in their request for independence," Mr. Harrison said.

The Governor General was accompanied by his bride, who was Miss Beth Wrenthorn of Manila, and his eldest daughter, Virginia. They left for Manila on the Empress Sunday night.

CABLE DELAY WORSE

The Commercial Pacific Cable Company announces that owing to traffic congestion, cables via the Pacific are only accepted subject to indefinite delay and that the "urgent" service limited to one message of ten chargeable words per day from the same interest will be discontinued if the restriction is not observed.

Further Indications Point Toward Theory Of Murder In Case Of Mr. F. E. Weiss

Inquest Is Adjourned Till Friday To Allow Detectives To Follow Up New Clues; Correspondence Of Victim In Hands Of Authorities

Additional evidence gathered yesterday in the investigation to determine the cause of the death of Mr. F. E. Weiss, general agent of the Canadian Pacific Ocean Services passenger department, whose body was found early Saturday morning in a lonely spot at Yangtsepo, tends to discount the original suicide theory and to strengthen the belief that Mr. Weiss was murdered.

In addition to facts already published it is emphasized that part of Mr. Weiss' personal property was taken from the body. This points to murder, it is believed.

The inquest into the cause of the death has been adjourned and United States District Attorney Chauncey P. Holcomb requested Marshal N. L. Lorton, who is sitting as coroner, to suspend the inquiry until Friday in order that the detective department of the local police force may have ample opportunity to thoroughly investigate several clues that were unearthed yesterday.

A thorough examination is being made of Mr. Weiss' personal effects and letters which were seized yesterday by American authorities. His private drawer in the Canadian Pacific Ocean Services safe was opened and a thorough search made at the Weiss residence, 36a West-haiwai Road. District Attorney Holcomb, Marshal Lorton and Detective Reeves examined the contents of the safe in the morning and in the afternoon took all letters from Mr. Weiss' desk at his home.

Authorities Are Reticent The authorities refused to comment on the contents of the letters but it is known that light has been thrown on a mystery that first appeared to be one that would be too baffling for the officials and police working on the case.

One necessary link in the chain of evidence that may solve the mystery, is the richa coolie who took Mr. Weiss from the Palace Hotel on Wednesday night at 9:30 o'clock after a business conversation with Mr. Harold Warrel. Police have been posted at the richa stand on the Bund opposite the Palace and where the coolies wait fares in the alleyway between the Credit Foncier d'Orient and Hirschman and Company's buildings on Nanjing Road. Police are hopeful of finding the coolie.

Several theories have been given to the police and American authorities and the most logical seems to point toward a murder in either the Western District or possibly in the French Concession, an automobile ride to Pingliang Road with

the murderer driving the car, and the hiding of the body in high pampas grass which grew on the grave mound where it was discovered.

It is believed that the throat was cut and the razor left nearby to mark the death as caused by suicide but the stripping of the body of all marks of identification other than clothing, a ring and cigarette case, the discovery of a bullet in the skull, a missing pistol and the superficial throat wound all belie the suicide theory.

Believe Body Was Carried

Physicians state that Mr. Weiss was slashed with the razor while still alive and the possibility presents itself that the bullet rendered him unconscious but did not cause instantaneous death. Evidence supports the theory that the body was carried between 400 and 500 yards from Pingliang Road to the place where it was found.

American authorities are convinced that a foreigner perpetrated the crime. Chief Detective Officer William Armstrong, who is in charge of the police investigation, declines as yet to comment.

The fact that the body was hidden from the main road and not from the path traversed daily by hundreds of Chinese seems to support the theory that Chinese were not responsible for Mr. Weiss' death. The cutting of the throat and the planting in the grass of a straight razor are additional supportive facts. It is also pointed out that Chinese seldom possess 25 caliber automatics, the type of gun believed to have caused the death.

Letters Are Examined Thorough examination of personal letters seized yesterday will be followed by a quick succession of events that may possibly lead to sensational developments. The request for an adjournment of the inquest pending further investigation was made by the District Attorney yesterday afternoon after he had spent the entire day attempting to gain knowledge of the crime from correspondence received by Mr. Weiss and letters written by him. This is considered significant by those who have followed the case closely.

(Continued on Page 3)

His Invention Made Wireless Phone Possible



Dr. Lee de Forest.

Dr. Lee de Forest, the noted wireless expert, and his invention, the Audion, which has made possible the present long distance transmission of speech by wireless. The photo was made at Dr. De Forest's laboratory at High Bridge, N. Y.

LANSING TELLS SENATORS OF AGREEMENT WITH ISHII

Secretary Goes Into Facts Surrounding Negotiations On Famous Compact

(In Japan Advertiser)

New York, August 21.—Replying to a question before the Foreign Relations Committee of the Senate today, Secretary Lansing made the following statement:

"While the Ishii-Lansing Agreement was under negotiation Viscount Ishii did not say anything about an understanding with the Allies as regards Shantung and the South Pacific Islands. Yet I knew at the time the existence of an understanding about these territories between Japan and Great Britain as in October, 1916, the British Ambassador, Sir Spring-Rice, told me that Great Britain would take the islands south of the equator and Japan the islands north of the equator.

"Again, while the Ishii-Lansing Agreement was under negotiation, Viscount Ishii told me that in 1915 Japan assured Sir Edward Grey that Japan would return Kiaochow to China but would retain the South Sea Islands. Viscount Ishii made no further statement about the secret treaty.

Ignorant Of Other Treaties "Neither Mr. Balfour nor Mr. Viviani informed the Washington Government of the existence of any secret treaty while they were at Washington.

"I became aware of the existence of a secret treaty between Japan and the Allies at Versailles for the first time during February." At this stage, Senator Borah stated that Mr. Balfour, speaking in the House of Commons in March, 1915, said that President Wilson had stated that he had received an unreserved information regarding the secret treaties existing among the Allies. Mr. Borah asked Secretary Lansing how he was to reconcile Mr. Balfour's statement with his professions, but Mr. Lansing did not give a definite reply.

Ishii-Lansing Agreement Referring to the Ishii-Lansing Agreement Mr. Lansing continued:

"I suggested to Viscount Ishii the advisability of renewing the guarantee as to the open-door principle in China mutually by the Japanese and American Governments, in view of the rumor that Japan was engaged in extending her influence in China, taking advantage of the war. Viscount Ishii, in reply, said that he thought Japan's special interests in China would be recognized in all the agreements to be concluded and that America's recognition might be taken for granted for geographical reasons. Although Japan's special interests in China might be recognized, I protested against the insertion of a stipulation to that effect in all treaties as it might give rise to a misunderstanding. I

(Continued on Page 4)

HOOVER ADVISES ALLIES TO EXPEL ARCHDUKE JOSEPH

Budapest Coup, He Says, Has Stimulated Reds In Central Europe

TALKS OF SILESIA

Situation There May Bring Economic And Political Crisis In Europe

MAY SEND TROOPS

Troubles In Austria And Hungary Outgrowth Of Coal Strikes

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, August 22.—The Supreme Council today discussed Central Europe, Silesia and Hungary. Mr. Hoover, who had just returned from a tour of investigation at Budapest, Vienna and Warsaw, urged, with regard to Hungary, that the Conference should compel the departure of Archduke Joseph. He insisted that the coup d'etat by means of which the Hapsburgs had become head of the Hungarian Government had done the utmost harm as it had re-stimulated Bolshevism throughout Central Europe and immediate action must be taken.

Mr. Hoover represented that the economic situation in Hungary was very unsatisfactory as the Rumanians are still requisitioning foodstuffs and sending them to their own country and he asked the Allied Powers to send agents to the Rumanian border to prevent the export of food from Hungary to Rumania. Consequently the Allied Military Mission at Budapest has been authorized, if feasible, immediately to send agents as suggested.

Urges Occupation Of Silesia

With reference to Upper Silesia Mr. Hoover declared that the situation of the country is so bad that the only solution was an Allied occupation. In the Duchy of Teschen the Polish workers refused to work the mines unless the Duchy was given to Poland. It was decided to send an Inter-Allied Commission to Silesia comprising Polish, Czech and German Delegates. The Commission will remain in Silesia and control the country in the interests of the Allies during the holding of the plebiscite in Upper Silesia, which takes place as soon as possible after the ratification of the German Treaty by all the Powers.

Germans To Maintain Order

Paris, August 22.—The Supreme Council has decided to inform all concerned that the German Government is entitled to maintain order in Upper Silesia until the ratification of the peace treaty and Polish troops cannot be allowed to enter the country unless requested by Germany. The Supreme Council has decided to send a mission to the disturbed region to report on the measures necessary to restore order and also to accelerate the formation of an inter-Allied commission which will control the country during the plebiscite.

London, August 21.—Mr. Hoover has returned from a tour of Central Europe and reported to the Supreme Council, explaining the grave coal situation in Europe as a result of the strikes in Silesia. He dealt with the situation in Hungary.

Crisis May Develop

Paris, August 21.—Mr. Hoover, reporting to the Supreme Council stated that unless the widest and almost autocratic powers were given to deal with the coal situation in Silesia nothing could save Europe from an economic and political crisis. Most of the troubles in Austria-Hungary were directly to be traced to the world coal crisis. The food scarcity in Budapest was tremendous. There were no anesthetics, antiseptics or dressings in the hospitals where 20,000 patients were suffering from rickets. Tuberculosis had increased appallingly in both countries. Everywhere paper handkerchiefs and clothing were being used. There were no ointments to treat the skin diseases of babies due to malnutrition. For every ton of coal, sent from America to Europe, a ton of foodstuffs would have to be kept in America.

Check On Germans

Berlin, August 21.—At a conference of the German Government and the

BRUSSELS MAY BECOME LEAGUE OF NATIONS SEAT

Reason Advanced For Change From Geneva Is That It Will Placate Belgium

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, August 22.—The opinion is current in Paris that the seat of the future League of Nations is to be moved from Geneva to Brussels and an official announcement will be forthcoming soon.

The principal reason for the decision is to be found in the discontent of gallant little Belgium concerning the treatment she received at the Peace Conference.

Strike In Australia Breaks Out Afresh

Hit In Final Negotiations Develops And Seamen Again Quit Work

(Reuter's Service)

London, August 22.—Owing to a hitch in the final negotiations, the Australian seamen's strike continues and the Union is now endeavoring to extend the strike to overseas ships.

Mexico Asks America To Withdraw Troops

Wants U. S. To Order Forces Pursuing Bandits Back Across Border

(Reuter's Service)

Washington, August 21.—The Mexican Ambassador has requested immediate withdrawal of the American troops who have been pursuing the bandits in Mexico.

Norway To Establish Legation In China

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, August 22.—The Chinese Press reports that Norway has decided to establish a Legation in China and that the Chinese Government has signified its agreement.

Afghan Independence Recognised In Treaty

Pact Has No Stipulation That Amir Is To Follow Advice Of Great Britain

(Reuter's Service)

London, August 22.—A White Paper dealing with recent events in Afghanistan mentions that the Peace Treaty leaves that country officially free and independent, internally and externally. It contains no stipulation that the Amir shall follow the advice of Great Britain in his external relations.

France Seeking Loan From New York Banks

Final Action Is Not Expected Before Ratification Of Peace Treaty

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, August 23.—A French financial mission has approached the leading banks in New York for a loan of five hundred million francs. No decisive steps are expected before the ratification of the Treaty.

Carnegie's Estate Under Fifty Million

(Reuter's Service)

New York, August 22.—Andrew Carnegie left less than fifty million dollars.

Polish Mission, which was attended by the French General Dupont, it was decided that the Germans should refrain from further executions in Silesia.

An Inter-Allied Commission will proceed to Silesia on the 22nd and the Polish Mission at Berlin will proceed to Warsaw on the 22nd until the Inter-Allied commission has reported.

The Polish Mission publishes a statement declaring that the movement is entitled to maintain order in protest against the protracted state of siege and German oppression, which provoked a strike both among the Poles and Germans, which the enemies of the troops transformed into a revolt.

Light Plant Closes

London, August 22.—It is learned from a Polish source that operations of the Upper Silesian Electric Works are at a standstill and the whole territory is without light or power and all factories are paralysed owing to the absence of coal.

It is reported from Warsaw that there has been a skirmish in which many were killed or wounded owing to the Germans attacking a Polish-Silesian outpost.

Budapest, August 21.—The Cabinet today discussed an Electoral Bill based on universal suffrage, including women. It was decided to hold the elections on September 20 and the Premier will consult the Entente Missions with regard to the matter.

LLOYD GEORGE HEARD ON QUESTIONS OF POLICY

Tells Things Held Essential For Any Solution Of Coal Problem

London, August 21.—Mr. Lloyd George has issued a lengthy summary of the Government's policy relating to trade, industry and labor as announced in his speech on the 18th, emphasizing afresh the points made on that occasion.

It declares that the Government was deeply impressed with the evidence furnished by the coal, competition, and the necessity for ameliorating the unsatisfactory social and housing conditions of miners. Any scheme for the reorganization of industry must insure sufficient coal supplies at such a cost as to enable the export trade of the country to be maintained and extended. A committee will immediately be established to inquire into the situation of output.

With regard to trade policy, steps will be taken to promote industrial research and invention and increasing efficiency by developing technical education. Increased output will be stimulated by propaganda. The importance of the principle and practice of standardisation is emphasised. It is proposed to establish a department of standards to promote and co-ordinate standardisation generally and to administer all necessary testing institutions and to authorise and supervise testing carried out by technical institutions, trade organisations or private concerns.

Declines Key Industries

London, August 22.—Mr. Lloyd George defines unstable key industries as those fulfilling the following tests:

"A product essential for war or for the maintenance of the country during war."

An industry so neglected before the war that there was an inadequate supply of the product.

An industry about which the Government found it necessary to take special steps during the war.

An industry which, if special Government support were withdrawn, could not maintain itself at the level of production essential to national life."

It is proposed that the fees charged for the issue of licences to import goods produced by such unstable key industries be fixed with regard, in each case, to the difference between the price at which the article can be imported and the price at which similar articles can be sold in the United Kingdom.

It may be necessary for some years for the Government to continue to assist these industries.

Harbin Rail Traffic More Nearly Normal

Leaders In Strike Arrested In Tsitsihar And Brought To City For Trial

Harbin, August 22.—Railway traffic is gradually becoming normal. Some members of the strikers' committee, the initiators of the foremen's strike, have been discovered in Tsitsihar, arrested and brought to Harbin.

The local official organ of the Chinese Eastern Railway, the Vestnik Manchuria, re-appeared yesterday after a long period of silence connected with the railway strike.

Ataman Semenov has arrived from Chita to meet General Horvath, who is expected this evening. It is understood that the Ataman will shortly leave for Vladivostok.

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Boishevists Yield Odessa; Ukrainians Occupy City

Red Forces Are Resisting Stubbornly But Are Retreating On Two Main Fronts

London, August 22.—The Ukrainian troops have occupied Odessa.

Fight Against Bolshevism Is At Interesting Stage

London, August 21.—Authoritative information shows that the operations against the Bolshevists are reaching an interesting stage.

The Russian North-Western Army and the Esthonian during the past week have thrown the Bolshevists back across the Dnieper River while farther south serious fighting has been going on north-west of Perekop and south of Perekop. In both these sectors, however, the Bolshevists have been counter-attacking for a fortnight and have succeeded in pushing back their opponents twenty miles. In the Perekop area the Bolshevists are within nine miles of the Perekop-Riga railway, but certain weaknesses are observable among the Bolshevist troops here and one regiment has deserted complete with its transport.

Polish Victory Extensive

The Polish operations have brought their left wing as far as the lake region south of Minsk and south as far as Volhynia. The completeness of the Polish victory at Minsk is shown by the fact that the Bolshevists have been driven back fifty miles on a front of a hundred. The Poles are also attacking on a front of 120 miles extending from the River Pripiet to south of Rovno. On the northern Polish front the Bolshevists have been driven back behind the River Goryn and the Poles now hold the main trunk line from Vilna through Baranovitchi to Ostroff.

General Petlura's left wing is pushing towards Kiev, from which he is ninety miles distant.

Meanwhile a serious rising on a large scale has broken out west, south and southeast of Kiev. Indeed it appears as if the whole of the interior of the Ukraine is rising en masse to throw off the yoke of the Bolshevists.

Denikin's Recent Gains

The left wing of General Denikin's army is advancing with great rapidity. The Bolshevists are now behind the River Bug while, farther north, Elizavetgrad has been entered by one of General Denikin's armored trains.

Heavy fighting is proceeding north of the Dnieper, particularly round Lubni, 110 miles southeast of Kiev.

Farther north General Denikin is advancing towards Konotop, on the main Kiev-Moscow railway, while north of Kharkov he has commenced an offensive toward Kursk.

The main center of interest is General Denikin's western front, where his successes may shortly bring him in touch with the Allied troops on his left, which would give the signal for an uprising of the whole of the Ukraine, resulting in the driving back of the Bolshevists into the unfruitful region of Central Russia. At present less than 150 miles separates the anti-Bolshevist forces on the west Russian and South Russian fronts.

The latest information shows that the Bolshevist forces on the fronts consist of fifteen armies, of which 39,000 men are on the North Russian and 135,000 on the Eastern Front. It is estimated there are 727,000 additional men in the interior.

Report Of Siberian Army
Harbin, August 22.—An official

communique issued by the Siberian Army reports:

On the Tobol front the enemy's attempts to cross the river failed everywhere except south of Kurgan, where the enemy concentrated large forces. We were forced to withdraw to the other bank. We have evacuated Oalaturorsk and Kurgan.

On the Orenburg front we have withdrawn to the line Altabaltaki-Kildurovski-Prosodnii, 115 versts from Chiamkan Station on the Tashkent Railway.

Elsewhere the situation is unchanged.

Complete Independence Demanded By Esthonia (French Wireless To Renter)

Paris, August 21.—A British note was read today informing the Supreme Council of the formation of the Northwestern Russian Government and stating that the Esthonian Government refused to co-operate in the advance on Petrograd unless the conference recognised Esthonia's complete independence. General Gough, the British representative in the Baltic Provinces, urgently recommended compliance with Esthonia's demand, otherwise the whole movement might collapse.

A note from Marshal Foch was read pointing out that the German Government refused to comply with four out of five of the points laid down with regard to the evacuation of the Baltic States. He said the situation had not been improved by the departure of General von der Goltz for Berlin as the army being formed under Prince von Lieven was apparently merely a reincarnation of von der Goltz's army.

The Supreme Council decided to direct General Gough to enforce execution of the Allies demands.

Operations At Kronstadt

London, August 21.—According to telegrams from Helmsingfors the British naval operations at Kronstadt covered a wide range on units, trawlers and seaplanes ceaselessly keeping the enemy on the Bolshevist minefield, where ultimately the action was fought. This was precipitated by a combined bombardment and air raid causing conflagrations. In the forts and on shore and the Bolshevist warships to put to sea where the British motorboats were waiting for them.

London, August 21.—The war office issued the following official communique dated Murmansk 20.

Our troops attacked the enemy seven miles south of Kapsala. The enemy were driven out of their positions and pursued southwards several miles.

On the Shunga peninsula the Russians dispersed the enemy, taking 59 prisoners.

East of Lake Onega two enemy forces attempting to attack a village in our possession lost their direction and attacked each other, suffering heavy losses.

Report Is Tale Of Horror

London, August 22.—Reuter's correspondent in south Russia gives an account of an eye witness of the scene at Kharkoff following its capture from the Bolshevists.

Tens of thousands of people crowded to the vicinity of a five-story torture house where bodies were being "examined." The eye witness describing the scene inside the house, said: "In one window lay the dried-up skin torn from a man's hand. A nearby room was literally choked with corpses and numerous pieces of under clothing soaked with blood, as also were the walls of the next room, which was also packed with corpses."

Other rooms were in a similar condition. All had been tortured. A

pit six feet deep close to the house contained forty bodies and bits of bodies, soaked in blood, giving off a horrible odor. Strips of skin had been torn off some bodies, others had their arms and legs twisted, others had nails driven into their heads and ribs. Another pit contained fourteen men and one woman, all of whom had been terribly tortured: one had his occipital smashed in and his hand and chest wounded in twelve places, another had a bayonet thrust through the mouth and out of the skull, another had his wrists hanging by mere threads.

One old man had been buried alive; he had no wounds, but his tongue had been jammed between his teeth and his mouth was full of earth. A woman had been similarly treated but apparently had finally been strangled. The people groaned as now and then by some one such as a decayed tooth, they recognised father, brother or sister.

Bolshevists Defeated In Ukraine Elections

Poll Only Third Of Total Votes Is Report Issued By Press Agency

London, August 22.—The Ukrainian Press Bureau states that in the elections to the Communal Councils in the Ukraine, the Bolshevists have been crushingly defeated, polling only a third of the total votes in spite of terroristic measures.

Saionji Is Greeted On Arrival At Tokio

Tokio, August 24.—Marquis Saionji arrived in Tokio today. A record crowd welcomed him.

BRITISH AIR CONTESTS WILL OPEN NEXT MARCH

Government States Conditions Of Competition Designed To Develop Aviation

London, August 21.—The Air Ministry issues details of the aero-plane competitions cabled on the 14th, which commence on March 1, 1920. Their object is to encourage the future development of aviation on lines of increased safety and the rules are framed to secure this.

Machines and engines must be designed and constructed within the Empire, except the ignition system, carburetors, and instruments. A large type machine must have seating accommodation for fifteen persons besides the crew and travel at ninety miles an hour while a small type machine carries two persons, including the pilot, and travels at a hundred miles an hour and a seaplane carries four, exclusive of the crew, and travels at eighty knots.

Settlement is proposed of Changchun incident Japanese Paper Prints List Of Concessions It Believes China Should Make

Peking, August 22.—The Chung Mei News Agency gives the following translation from the Kokumin Shimbum of a settlement of the Changchun incident which the Japanese paper proposes:

(1) Japanese military instructors shall be employed in the Chinese army to reform the Chinese soldiers.

(2) The Chinese Government shall be held responsible for the suppression of the anti-Japanese movements now prevailing in China.

(3) Chinese soldiers shall not be allowed to come within the areas guarded by Japanese troops.

(4) China shall pay compensation for the Japanese soldiers killed in the Changchun fracas.

(5) The Chinese Commandants involved in that fracas shall offer personal apologies to the Governor-General of Kwangtung.

(6) The Chinese Government shall send representatives to offer apologies at the Japanese Legation in Peking.

SETTLEMENT IS PROPOSED OF CHANGCHUN INCIDENT

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Renewal Of Warfare Feared Due To Dissension in South

Deluge Of Telegrams To Peking From Leaders Of
Three Opposing Factions Reveals Gravity
Of Situation

(From Our Own Correspondent)
Peking, August 21.—During the past two or three days the Government has received a deluge of telegrams from the various leaders in the south and southwestern provinces, all of which explain the gravity of the situation. All of the signers of these telegrams very modestly admit that only by the Government lending them support can the situation be improved.

As far as can be gathered none of the three strong parties trusts the others and it can be safely said that this part of China is divided into three camps. The Canton Military Government, a government merely in name, is powerless and on the verge of bankruptcy. The Kwang-

Government to demand an explanation from the military Government concerning its naval and military movements. He also requests that the disbandment and withdrawal of the northern troops be postponed in view of the imminent situation. The Government is also urged to appropriate funds to meet the arrears of the soldiers' pay, which is already much overdue, and to send a supply of arms and ammunition immediately.

Another telegram reports that a minor engagement took place on the Kwangtung-Fukien border between the Northern and Southern troops and that the former suffered a defeat. Reinforcements have been despatched to Chuenchow and Chao-an.

The above telegrams give both

Belief Is Held Weiss Was Murdered

(Continued from Page 1)
little chance of securing a record from the razor that would serve for identification purposes, the expert testified.

In asking adjournment the United States District Attorney again praised the police department for its thorough and effective methods.

"It would be unfair for this coroner's jury to return a verdict while the police department of this Settlement is bending every effort to determine whether this case is one of suicide or murder, and if murder, the person or persons who committed the crime," Mr. Holcomb said. "A more complete investigation is necessary and the detective department of the police force and American authorities will see that every possible bit of evidence shall be secured to aid the coroner's jury."

The inquest was adjourned until Friday afternoon at four o'clock.

Search To Be Made

Today detectives attached to Yungtazepoo Station will make a thorough search of the ground after the grass has been cut from a graveyard about ten feet from the place where Mr. Weiss' body was found. The pond will be dammed and a pump from the Public Works Department has been secured to remove the water, police hoping to find either the pistol or some of Mr. Weiss' personal effects.

Late last night United States Dis-

trict Attorney Holcomb and Marshal Lorton, accompanied by two of the coroner's jury, went to the spot where the body was found to try and substantiate theories on which they are working.

Funeral Held Sunday At Bubbling Well

Simple services were held at the Bubbling Well Cemetery Sunday for Mr. F. E. Weiss. The Rev. John H. Hykes officiated. The chief mourners were the brother and sister of the deceased, Mr. C. B. Weiss and Miss Ruth Weiss. Miss Weiss had only arrived in Shanghai from America with her mother Sunday morning.

A large number of sympathetic friends attended and a number of floral tributes were sent, including wreaths and flowers from the C. P. O. S. local staff, Mr. P. A. Cox and staff, Andersen, Meyer, Ltd., Mr. A. B. Hykes, Mr. D. C. MacMinn, Mr. T. P. Moorhead, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. A. Reeds, Misses Catherine and Lydia Leach, Mr. W. S. Johnstone, Mr. Fred Elliot, Mr. A. H. Tessler, Mr. and Mrs. L. P. O'Driscoll, Messrs. A. W. and C. R. Burkill, Mr. H. L. Ricks, Captain Jespersen, Mr. C. W. A. Sing and Mr. J. E. Doyle.

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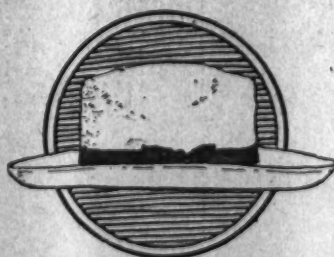


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Wet Lee had been delegated by Admiral Lin Pao-yi to go to Amoy to make preparations for the establishment of a naval headquarters there. It would thus seem beyond doubt that the Independent Navy has gone over to General Lu Yung-ting. The telegram further stated that Sun Yuen-yuan, the Southern commander has been ordered to commence the attack upon Chuenchow, with the object of drawing the Northern troops from Amoy. Immediately upon receiving this telegram, the government wired to Canton stating that the demarcation of the boundary between the Northern and Southern troops at the Kwangtung-Fukien border had been settled to mutual satisfaction and, therefore, should be strictly respected. The above report indicates that the Southern troops, by their armistice by disregarding the demarcation agreed upon.

A private telegram states that the Southern troops have been seen in large bands near Amoy, and that the Northern naval squadron in Fukien has been influenced by the southern navy and is therefore unsafe. This private message maintains that a secret understanding has been arranged between the commanders of the two natives, whereby the Northern vessels will remain neutral in the event of fighting taking place.

Admiral Lin's naval guards have been distributed around Chao-an, and in a reply to the Government's protest the Southern Leaders admitted the truth of this and give as a pretext for stationing these naval units there as an arrangement to pacify the Southern troops who are in a state of discord. A later telegram from Tuchen Li Hao-chi urges the

telegraphed that as there was urgent need and great necessity for the opening of the internal peace conference in order to restore peace and unity at once, he would approve the appointment of Mr. Wang-Yi-tang or any other official nominated by the North. Tang Chi-yao when asked the same question answered evasively. It is therefore plain that the Southern militarists have come to some arrangement with the North. The Kuomintang and radical units in Canton are bitterly opposing the appointment of Wang Yi-tang. They point out that Wang is one of the chief men supporting the northern militarists, that he has continually violated the law, and that his appointment shows that the North has no sincerity or honesty in its proposals. A Shanghai telegram states that Mr. Tang Shao-yi has declared that if the military Government accepts the appointment of Wang-Yi-tang as Chief Delegate, he will resign from his position as Chief Delegate of the Southern provinces. The Military Government, especially Tsen Chun-huan, is now placed in a very awkward position, and at present the decision of the extraordinary parliament is awaited.

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Receding Before Dread Tide Of Bolshevik Advance

BY CHARLOTTE BOARDMAN
ROGERS

(Miss Rogers, nurses' aid in the American Red Cross, went from Omsk to the front along the Ural mountains with an inspection party of Red Cross officials).

Omsk, Siberia, July 20.—All along the line as we journeyed on the slow-going trains from Omsk toward Chelyabinsk, we heard contradictory rumors. Perm had been taken; Perm had not been taken; the army was making a stand at Ekaterinburg; it was no making a stand and we could not possibly get there. You know what such rumors are.

When we reached Chelyabinsk we were just in time for the first thrills of the Bolshevik advance. The atmosphere of our hospital was tense with excitement. The chief of the American medical staff was ill with typhus, the superintendent of nurses was almost out of her mind from her efforts, and in the general confusion the Ufa Hospital, which evacuated when that city fell and which had been sharing the barracks with our hospital, was in the process of a second evacuation. The doors of the hospital warehouse were crowded with refugees, German prisoners and others in search of food; and Russian nurses were standing around trying to explain to Americans what was wanted for the wards.

"Sit tight and keep cool," were the cheering words of Major Marget, Medical Director of the Red Cross and Acting Commissioner. "The American Red Cross is here to inspire confidence in the people, not to run away at the first rumour of a battle lost a hundred versts away."

Then the formal inspection began. We visited Russian military hospitals that were housed in pleasure park pavilions, in a monastery, in big red brick warehouses and in queer-looking wooden tents, erected according to the most approved war-time hospital architecture, but very much more like glorified chicken coops than buildings for the care of the sick. We also inspected sanitary trains belonging to the army and to the Russian Red Cross. Some were composed of third or fourth-class carriages and others of box-cars, with straw on the floor and shelves around the sides and ends to serve as beds.

Short Of All Supplies
It was a pitiable sight. Everywhere there were short of supplies—medicines, surgical instruments, dressings, bedding, pajamas and underclothes. Even doctors and nurses were short. Many hospitals reporting cases of typhus on the staff. Buildings equipped for the care of six hundred patients were stretched to accommodate twelve hundred. What a contrast to our beautiful American Red Cross hospital in Omsk and what a privilege to think that we were here—representatives of the whole American nation—to tell these Russians that we were ready to help, not merely with words of sympathy and advice, but with all the things they needed!

Many terrible sights we saw! Dead bodies in rows covered with ragged colored table cloths, as sheets could not be spared; men dying of typhus, lying on the floors of cars, wounded soldiers whose uniforms were stiff with blood and mud from the battlefields, and whole wards full of typhus, smallpox, diphtheria and other plagues. Through it all, Russian doctors, nurses and patients maintained that outward semblance of calm that comes only after long contact with the sorry side of life—after five long years of political war and strife.

We went one night to the station under the protective wing of the American Vice-Consul. The tracks were blocked with trains, mostly the queer little Russian box-cars in which the refugees have lived since the beginning of the war. Guards patrolled the platform and shooed us away, but when we explained in English, which they did not understand, that we were going inside the station, they left us alone. In the third class waiting room we plunged! I cannot use any other word. Great waves of hot odors—decayed food, unwashed bodies, rank tobacco smoke and evil smelling leather—rose up with mighty force, knocking us almost senseless as we crossed the threshold of the door. Once inside, we wound our way through a tortuous passage between human forms huddled in a lifeless mass. Shoulder over lapped shoulder and the boots of one row served as the pillows for the next. Everywhere there were soldiers—most of them asleep, but a few with more energy than their companions were sitting up cracking "crotches" between their finger nails. It is not a pleasant scene to describe.

Humans Sleep To Mud

Through the backwash of war we groped our way to the ticket office and then out another door to

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see the crowds in the street. Men, women and children, less fortunate than the soldiers, slept in a confused tangle of arms and legs upon their worldly goods. It had rained earlier in the day and the mud was inches deep. Foul smells rose from puddles in the street and the garments of the sleepers were cold and damp. But the picture was one for an artist to paint. The fitful gleam of the station lamps, bits of vivid color caught the eye. Here was a man in cherry-colored breeches, there a boy in a bright blue blouse, a woman with a lovely piece of embroidered homespun taweling tied about her, or a baby rolled in a ragged but richly colored camel's hair shawl. The Siberian peasant does not wear cherry-colored breeches from choice, but he knows they are better than none and his reasoning is good.

With renewed assurance to the hospital staff that rumor was not to be trusted in spite of the panic that swept the town, we attached our car to a military train headed for the front and arrived just in time to find the army officials and the heads of the Russian Red Cross in the act of retreat. With courtesy they urged us to join them, but up in the mountains, twenty versts from Mian near the little village of Turgoyak, the American Red Cross held in its all-enfolding arms four hundred refugee children from Petrograd. Happy and contented they worked in their gardens or played on the shore of their beautiful lake, unconscious that the Bolsheviks were supposed to be less than a day's march away.

In the dead of night, through the pouring rain, in a little Russian basket-like carriage drawn by two horses, we drove to the colony, arriving just as the dawn was beginning to break. How the children packed their things into sixty peasant carts, secured through the permission of the militia, and how the strange caravan of boys and girls and horses and wagons and grown people to look after them, marched to the railroad station at Mian and loaded their box-cars with all their worldly goods, is one of the most dramatic stories of the war. But it is a story to be told by itself.

Bright and early in the morning on July 15 we arrived again in Chelyabinsk and what a scene the station presented! All attempt to keep people from the platform had evidently been abandoned and the minute our train pulled in there was a mad but vain rush to get on board. After breakfast, I went up to the hospital to share in the work of evacuation. Ekaterinburg had fallen, it was reported that the railroad communication had been cut, and the mayor of the town himself had ordered the American Hospital to leave, threatening to begin evacuation for us if we did not act for ourselves. Along the roadside boys and girls sold cigarettes and pens—the Russian for beer. Men carried huge loaves of bread in their arms, and everywhere there were groups of soldiers buying cooked meat, cheese and milk from peasant women, who were reaping a harvest from their products.

Now the evacuation of a hospital has more to it than is associated with an ordinary moving-day, for it is necessary to assume an outward calm no matter how hectic you may feel inside. Nurses were caring for their patients in the usual way, serving their meals, giving out medicine, and redressing their wounds. But in the nurses' home, the storehouse and elsewhere it was different.

People were packing! packing! Before the sun went down food-stuffs had been loaded into the

kitchen car, refugee clothes stowed away in freight trains, hospital supplies crated and ready to be moved to safety. Even the patients, at the last moment and without confusion, were transferred to a sanitary train that would carry them to a hospital behind the zone of danger. Then the evacuation began! In thirty-odd box and passenger cars were piled nine nationalities—American, French, British, Italian, Czech, Polish, Russian, Chinese and Franco-Chinese, not counting the Austrian prisoners that work, the 500 pound pig that had been purchased to feed the French troops, the horses, or the dogs that had been collected en route to vary the monotony of the trip. At an average of five versts an hour we traveled, passed all along the line by train after train packed with refugees—some inside the cars, others riding on the roof, but all in far more haste than we to reach a place of safety.

CHOLERA IS UNCHECKED IN NORTHERN PROVINCES

Bureau Organised At Harbin To
Carry Out Urgent Relief
Measures

(Reuter's Pacific Service)
Harbin, August 23.—The epidemic of cholera is continuing to spread and cases have been witnessed at many stations along the Chinese Eastern Railway. A bureau has been organised here, with General Gondatti as President, and is working out urgent measures to prevent the epidemic spreading.

Epidemic Is At Height In Centers In Shantung

(China Press Correspondence)
Tengchow, Shantung, August 18.—The old city of Tengchow and the surrounding country are having one of the worst epidemics of cholera in their history. The disease was first reported near the close of July and since then has steadily grown worse. The first cases are said to have been brought here by travelers returning from Manchuria. Hundreds have already died while the death rate at present is estimated to be about 100 per day. As soon as it was reported that there was cholera in the city a meeting of the foreigners and leading Christians was held to discuss ways and means of prevention and sanitation.

A committee was appointed to wait on the local mandarin to inform him of the danger and to urge that stringent preventive measures be taken to stop the threatened spread of the disease. He was very cordial and promised nearly everything asked and seemed grateful for all suggestions, but there the matter stopped. Later when the death rate was well over 50 per day, \$500 were raised to open a hospital, with the understanding that it was not to be located in the city. The principal idea in opening this was to have a place to take the many homeless coolies who were dying in the street.

Many firms and homes which

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had employees from a distance who were taken sick would carry them out on the street in the night and leave them there to die. An old and very small temple was finally granted and fitted up to receive any who cared to come. Dr. Dunlap of Chefoo and Dr. Heimberger of Wellesien came up to help Dr. Brown, the local physician, in this needy work. The injection of the normal salt solution is the method used and very good results have attended the efforts of the doctors. Many more could be saved, but the prejudice of the Chinese to things foreign is so strong that they will not take the foreign medicine nor go to the foreign hospital. Cholera mixture has been placed in the hands of several reliable persons stationed throughout the city so that those who were taken sick could get the medicine without delay for quick action is necessary if the patient is to be saved. This has been the means of saving many lives.

The favorite method of the Chinese doctors is to run needles into the body of the patient. Often after their efforts have all failed, and the patient is more nearly dead than alive, they carry him to the hospital or call in the foreign doctor. When the patient dies, of course it is the fault of the foreign medicine.

The coffin makers are reaping a rich harvest and they seem to know how "to make hay while the sun shines," judging from the prices they charge. Coffins have doubled, tripled, and quadrupled in value during the past three weeks. Carpenters can get five times their usual wage and are almost unobtainable at that price.

This end of the province is now suffering from one of the most severe droughts in many years. Just now when we should be having our rainy season the fields look like late autumn. The bean and corn crops are total failures while the millet and kaifir corn crops can not be more than half a crop. Already prices have gone up over thirty percent. Daily great throngs of people carry out the idols to see the dying crops but evidently the idols are stone-blind or stone-hearted for the rain does not come. A rain now would still save the sweet potato crop and buckwheat could still be planted so we earnestly pray that the drought may soon be broken.

Rice Prices Decline On Hongkong Market

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Hongkong, August 25.—Increase of stocks, the absence of orders from abroad, more arrivals from Bangkok and Saigon and better crop prospects are the reason for the drop in the price of rice. The tendency is lower.

Lansing Is Heard By Senate Committee

(Continued from Page 1)

further told Viscount Ishii that it by Japan's "special interests" was meant her "paramount interests" in China. I could not discuss the matter any further than this.

On Oriental Monroe Doctrine

"Viscount Ishii also suggested the application of a Japanese Monroe Doctrine in respect of the Far East. I said that the United States could not obtain a paramount position on the American continent on account of the Monroe Doctrine and Japan ought to apply the same principle as regards China. No paramount or special interest in China could hardly be given to a third party. Viscount Ishii remained silent. At first Viscount Ishii insisted on the insertion in the Agreement of the words 'Special interests' and influence but the words 'and influence' were struck out at my suggestion."

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"My baby was so constipated that I did not know what to do for her. Then I learned of Baby's Own Tablets and since she has taken them she has been entirely well. I am glad to recommend the Tablets to all mothers and would not think of being without them myself."

To mothers everywhere Baby's Own Tablets, the Canadian children's remedy, are a real friend. They are equally harmless and helpful to the youngest infant as to the child of 5 years or more, are a specific for indigestion, colic, diarrhoea, simple fever, make teething easy, promote restful sleep and good appetite, drive out worms. Obtainable from chemists, also at 60 cents the six, post free from the "Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 98 Sachuen Road, Shanghai.

Every day your complexion pays toll to dust and wind

The rough, cold winds chap and roughen the skin; dry heated air draws and parches it. The constant strain under which we live—the ceaseless activity of crowded days, the constant effort, the lack of rest—all these things take daily toll of the complexion.

You can protect your complexion from the wear and tear of both summer and winter—can prevent that tired, drawn look from appearing in your face, by giving your skin the care it needs.

Apply a little Pond's Vanishing Cream when you motor or travel; rub it in lightly. This will protect the sensitive pores from grit and grime, will keep your skin free from that parched feeling that generally follows exposure to dust and dirt.

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SHANGHAI TAKES FIRST FROM JAPANESE NINE

Johnny Scott Pitches No-Hit No-Run Game And Locals Win By 4-0 Score

Johnny Scott shut out the Japanese team without a hit or a run in the first game in the series for the championship of the Settlement at the Race Course Sunday afternoon. One man reached first base—on Hoffman's error. He died stealing. Scott fanned 14. Shanghai 4, Japanese 0.

The game brought out some 2,500 spectators who saw Shanghai outclass the snappy Japanese aggregation in every department of the game. With the exception of Hoffman's excusable error the locals played air-tight ball and Gill and Hopkins turned in spectacular catches. Hoffman retrieved his blunder with a circuit clout in the seventh.

Shanghai got the jump in the first inning when the locals jumped on Imai and scored three runs on clean hitting. The three-run lead was never threatened as the edge from the locals was buzzing them in too effectively.

John had his out and outdrop breaking perfectly and he had a hop on his fast one. Scott punched a triple as his contribution to the Shanghai offensive.

Imai was touched for nine hits. He passed one man. Scott did not give a base on balls.

The box score:

Shanghai	AB	R	H	P	O	A	E
Gill, 1b.	4	1	2	1	0	0	0
Crow, 3b.	4	0	0	0	2	0	0
Wilhoit, 1b.	4	1	1	8	0	0	0
Scott, p.	4	1	2	0	1	0	0
Bradley, c.	4	0	2	14	1	0	0
Cooper, 2b.	4	0	0	1	2	0	0
Smith, cf.	3	0	1	0	0	0	0
Hoffman, ss.	3	1	1	2	2	1	0
Hopkins, rf.	2	0	0	1	0	0	0
	32	4	8	27	8	1	

Japanese	AB	R	H	P	O	A	E
Ohnaka, ss.	3	0	0	2	1	2	0
Yoshida, 1b.	3	0	0	3	2	0	0
Kojima, c.	3	0	0	5	3	0	0
Sakurai, 1b.	3	0	0	5	0	1	0
Kawasaki, rf.	3	0	0	1	0	0	0
Araki, 2b.	3	0	0	6	1	0	0
Tayawaki, 3b.	3	0	0	0	2	1	0
Naito, cf.	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
Imai, p.	3	0	0	2	2	0	0
	27	0	0	24	11	4	

Three base hit—Scott.
First base on balls—of Imai, 1.
Left on bases—Shanghai 5.
Home run—Hoffman.
Struck out by Scott, 14; by Imai, 5.
Umpire—Logan and Bush.

CRICKET IN ENGLAND

(Reuter's Service)

London, August 21.—Cricket: Kent v. Lancashire drawn. Gloucestershire beat Leicestershire by eight wickets.

London, August 22.—Cricket: Middlesex v. Yorkshire drawn.

Portuguese Co. S.V.C.

The Portuguese Company, S.V.C. celebrated the "anniversary" of Passalao with a tiffin at the Rifle Range and a special competition for the Mesquita prizes on Sunday. Sixty-two active and 4 honorary members were present and a most enjoyable afternoon was spent. The result of the special competition as well as of the August monthly cups, were as follows:

Mesquita Prize
Practices 7-8-9—T. M. C.
1.—Pte. J. M. J. Silva Class C 38 plus 20 percent—45.6.
2.—Pte. Arthur Leitao Class B 41 plus 10 percent—45.1.
Monthly Cup
Practices 7-9—T. M. C.
Class A—Sgt. M. F. Leitao 29 less 8 percent—26.63.
Class B—Pte. Arthur Leitao 27 less 4 percent—25.92.
Class C—Pte. J. M. J. Silva 25—25.00.
Class D—Pte. S. Collaco 17—17.00.
*Third leg on Cup.
†Second leg on Cup.
‡First leg on Cup.

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Entry Forms Issued For Race Meetings

Programs and entry forms have been issued for the Shanghai Race Club's fifth and sixth extra race meetings, which will take place on October 4 and 11. Entries will close at the grand stand at 7 p.m. September 27. A nine event program will be run off each day, the first saddling bell ringing at 1:45 p.m.

ANFU CLUB WOULD KEEP PARLIAMENT IN SESSION

Resolution Is Presented And Passed In House To Resume Sitting On September 10

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Peking, August 22.—The Anfu club has been striving for some time past to secure a real excuse for the calling of an extraordinary session of Parliament after the present session is adjourned at the end of this month. There is now an added reason why this session should be called. Previously the reason that they wanted to extend the life of the parliament was that they wanted to be in a position to dictate who the new premier should be and who should form the members of the new cabinet. Now that Mr. Wang Yi-tang, the chief of their organization, has been appointed the chief delegate at the coming peace conference at Shanghai they are extremely anxious that that parliament should be in session so that they can further strengthen his hands. Having the majority in both houses of parliament they know that they can rush through any measure that suits their purpose. On the other hand, if they are not in session the President and those supporting him will have considerable power in their hands. This they are afraid of, knowing that the President is so anxious to bring about a peaceful settlement that he would make concessions that would materially affect the future of their party.

The matter was brought up yesterday at the regular business meeting of the House of Representatives. On a motion of the Anfu members of Parliament a resolution was passed to the effect that an extraordinary session should be held on the 10th of next month, thus calling the Parliament together again after a ten days' rest, the present session coming to an end on the 30th of the present month. Parliament having decided on their own vote that they should be kept going may sound somewhat amusing to people outside of China but it must be remembered that they have only to pass such a resolution and then force the President to issue a mandate giving them the necessary authority. The President is completely in their hands on account of the support they are getting from the northern military clique. It is greatly feared in liberal political circles that should the resolution be finally adopted, it will greatly damage the prospects of a definite arrangement being arrived at by the new Shanghai conference.

DRINK
RED ROC
The Perfect Water

News Brevities

A cook charged with having assaulted Mr. J. P. Janson on Nanking Road Sunday was fined \$10, with the alternative of ten days in jail, by the Mixed Court yesterday.

Among the passengers arriving in Shanghai by the Gaborz were 2nd Lieut. H. J. Archibald; Lieut. Barry; Lt.-Commander R. A. Clarke; Pay-Commander P. L. Gyles; Mrs. Gyles and family; Captain S. H. Hollamby; Mrs. Hollamby and child; Lieut. V. J. Holland; M. C.; Captain T. Hutchison and Mrs. Hutchison; Lieut. G. C. Nazer and Mrs. Nazer; Lieut. H. R. Remington and Mrs. Remington; Lieut.-Col. R. Ruxton; M.C. Mrs. Ruxton and Miss Ruxton; Lieut. R. Schlee and Mrs. Schlee.

Mr. Stratford Levinson, a noted British lawyer, who arrived here Sunday from England, took over yesterday the office of Messrs. Ellis and Hays. After the death in May of Mr. John Hays, the only surviving member of the old legal firm, the firm's work has been conducted by Messrs. White-Cooper, Master and Oppe, while certain legal Court cases of the firm were handled by Messrs. Fleming, Davies and Bryan.

To perfect plans for the program and entertainment of the visiting delegates of the coming National Western Returned Students' Club, the local union will hold a meeting at the Y.M.C.A. this afternoon at 5 o'clock.

A memorial service will be held Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock in honor of the late General Yang Shan-teh, Tuckwa of Chekiang, at the Yeh Shih Garden, central police district, by 12 local organizations. The promoters are the Chinese Chambers of Commerce at Shanghai and in Nantao, the Shanghai Educational Encouraging Association, the Educational Association of Shanghai, the Nantao Fire Brigade, the Shanghai Philanthropic Institution, the Nantao and Chapel Municipal Councils, the Pootung Bureau of Creek Works, the Kung Li Hospital, the Poo Yi Industrial Home and the Shanghai Bureau of Liquidation of Government Property.

An exhibition of paintings of landscapes of Shanghai, Hangchow, Kiating, Nanshang, and other neighboring places and pictures in water color will be held in the World Chinese Students' Federation, 51 Bubbling Well Road, beginning today at 2 o'clock. The exhibition will last one week. The artist is Mr. Liu Hai-shu.

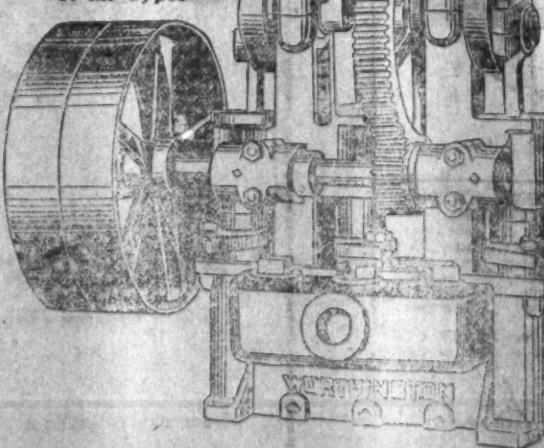
Mr. G. F. Ashley, architect of the China Realty Company, Limited, has recently completed or let contracts for the construction of foreign style houses for a number of Chinese gentlemen. The residences range in cost, exclusive of land, from Taels 6,000 to Taels 15,000. Among the owners in the Western district are Messrs. Chung Mun-wei, Y. C. Tong, Binoo Chang, W. F. Wong, Samson Z. Young and Lo Sun; in the Eastern and Northern districts, Messrs. Wong Kok-eh, T. H. Lee, H. Y. Moh, K. S. Lee and Dr. Fong F. Sec. Five houses for the estate and four sons of the late Mr. Woo Kee-may, costing approximately Taels 50,000, are nearing completion on Jessfield Road.

The remains of General Yang Shan-teh, Tuckwa of Chekiang, will arrive at Shanghai at the Shanghai.

PHONE WEST 189
FORD HIRE SERVICE
Oriental Motor Company
77 ROUTE VALLON

WORTHINGTON PUMP AND MACHINERY CORP.

TRADE MARK
Pumping Machinery of all Types



Vertical Triplex Belt Driven Power Pump
AGENTS FOR CHINA
Andersen, Meyer & Co., Ltd.

Harbin To Install Automatic 'Phones

Exchange Of 3,000 Instruments Ordered And Expected To Be Set Up Soon

Harbin is to adopt the automatic telephone in the near future and it is stated that the Manila automatic system, announced recently, will be in operation soon.

At Harbin an exchange of 3,000 instruments is to be installed and the necessary equipment has been ordered. An expert engineer is expected shortly to take up the work of establishing the system. The exchange will be under the control of the Chinese Eastern Railway, which controls all public utility services within sixteen miles to each side of its line.

At Manila two exchanges will be installed.

Mr. Harry S. Jones, local representative of the Automatic Telephone Manufacturing Co. Ltd. of Liverpool, which is taking care of both orders, will leave for England shortly on a business trip.

WEAR WALK-OVER SHOES



WALK-OVER SHOE STORE
"The Store Ahead"
24 NANKING ROAD.

The quality that identifies Tycos temperature instruments stands

Taylor COMPASSES

THAT'S your guarantee that every Taylor Compass is the best and is accurate compass you can get for the price.

Made in various styles. Some have luminous pointers, therefore, are easily read at night as by day. Prices vary according to the grade of the compass, but all are of Quality Instruments.

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Write today for literature. Address:

Taylor Instrument Companies

Rosewater, N. Y., U.S.A.

There's a Taylor Thermometer for Every Purpose

77 ROUTE VALLON

British Women's Work Association

An official letter of thanks for assistance rendered to Czechoslovak soldiers has been received by the president of the British Women's Work Association here from the ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Czechoslovak government at Paris. The letter expresses special thanks for the generous treatment accorded Czech invalids on board the transport Roma.

Other letters of thanks have also been received from members of the British Military Mission in Siberia, including one from Lieut. Col. Morley at Irkutsk, which point, the letter states, has become practically the main base hospital location since the recent adverse developments at the front. Many cases of typhoid were also being

cared for in the Irkutsk hospitals. Lieut. Col. Morley writes, one hospital alone handling 2,700 cases in a week, mainly of typhoid. Large quantities of hospital supplies sent by the B.W.W.A. were being distributed. Three big American medical staffs arrived early in August.

The B.W.W.A. shipped six cases of garments and hospital requirements, valued at \$1,030, to Vladivostok by the Simbirsk last Friday. Members in Shanghai are reminded to send finished work to Mrs. Fletcher, 7 Jinkee Road, where they may also get wool if required. Cut out garments may be had from Mrs. Agassiz at 58 Soochow Road.

CP O S

TRANS. ATLANTIC TRANS. PACIFIC
LUXURIOUS
Empress of France
18,500 Tons Gross
Suites and rooms with bath—Grill Room, Lifts, Gymnasium
SALES FROM
Quebec to Liverpool
Oct. 9th and Monthly thereafter
First-Class G. \$170.00 Second-Class G. \$100.00 Third-Class G. \$63.75
DOMINION EXPRESS
TRAVELLERS' CHEQUES SOLD.
Correspondents Throughout the World.
For Bills of Lading, Freight Rates, etc. apply to:
P. A. COX, Agent
Cor. Peking and Yuen Ming Yuen Roads, Shanghai.
Tel: Central 181
For Reservations and Passage Tickets, etc. apply to:
A. H. TESSIER
Passenger Agent.
Palace Hotel, 13 The Bund, Shanghai.
Tel: Central 162
CANADIAN PACIFIC OCEAN SERVICES

Commander

Super-Size Virginia Cigarettes

Sold also in packets of Ten Cigarettes.

Westminster Tobacco Co., Ltd. London

TROOPS FOR MONGOLIA ARE AGAIN ASKED FOR

Peking Gets New Requests For
Aid On Border When Needs
Are Not Apparent

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Peking, August 22.—In spite of the fact that the threats of rebellion and invasion in Mongolia are daily weakening, the demand for Chinese troops increases. Apparently in inverse proportion to the need of their interference. The army for the defense of the Northwestern Frontier, erstwhile the War Participation Army, having found a raison d'être in Mongolia is not to be discouraged from fixing up a defense of the frontier merely by the fact that the frontier is not attacked. And the Chinese representative at Urga, anxious to please but also to be informative, sends a telegram in the morning stating to Peking that the Semenov venture is closed, and in the afternoon another stating that troops must be sent in a hurry to save the line.

The Peking Jih Pao prints both these messages today, and leaves it to the reader to interpret to taste. Chen Yi, says the report, sent an urgent telegram to the government yesterday requesting that orders be issued to the frontier defense to advance at full speed to save the critical situation on the Mongolian frontiers, and reports that a lieutenant under Shen Fu, a member of Semenov's party, has come to Urga to influence the Mongolians. Another quoted telegram from Chen Yi states that he has received a communication from the Princes and Nobles and the Living Buddha of Kulun after the conference at Urga declaring their decision to stand firm in their policy of rejecting all propaganda and incitations spread by Semenov's agents. For a year, they say, these agents have been active, and always have been repulsed by the Mongolians. These had characters, however, it is feared, may invade Mongolian territory and menace the various leagues and banners. Mongolian troops are already stationed at the border.

Another wire from Chen Yi clears up the affair by a statement that since his intrigues have been definitely refused by the Mongolians, Semenov now stands at the end of his resources and can do nothing. He urges that due rewards be given to the Living Buddha, whose power with the people has been used to oppose the intrigues of Semenov's agents.

From a high official source in the capital it is learned that an agreement has been reached among the Mongolian princes and the Chinese in Mongolia that the Mongols shall take no military action and shall make no defensive alliances unless Russian or British troops actually invade Mongolian territory, in which case a defensive alliance with the Chinese will be made. This agreement, it will be seen, is much against the Allied troops and the loyal Russians in Siberia as against unfriendly interference, and as such may easily be unwelcome to the Russians who consider their interest in Mongolia equal to that of the Chinese.

The activities of the Northwest Defense force are continuing. A brigade was moved to Fang Ngo last week and other divisions to three other posts on the frontier. One of Chen Yi's latest despatches states that the Chinese troops are occupying the Che league (tribal district) directly on the border of Outer Mongolia and Siberia in a most advantageous position. Yesterday General Hsu Shu-cheng, Commander in Chief of the Army, was announced to have sent his chief of staff, Li Ju-chang, to Urga where he will direct the movements of the Chinese forces stationed between Urga and Kichia on the frontier.

Manchurian troops which since the recent Kirin dispute are completely under the control of the Commissioner of the three provinces, Chang Tao-lin, a friend of General Hsu, are also at the command of the Mongolian leaders. General Chang wired Peking a few days ago that he had despatched his third division to the border of Outer Mongolia at the request of Amban Chen for reinforcements.

In the capital affairs are not moving quite so smoothly for the Northwestern Frontier Commission. Regulations for its control and

management and furnishings of equipment have been duly negotiated by the government. It is rumored, however, that a hot argument took place in cabinet meeting a few days ago in regard to the limits and extent of power of the two organs for Frontier Defense and Frontier Development, under the respective authority of General Tuan Chi-jui and General Hsu. Both this report and a similar one regarding a personal conflict between the two generals have been denied by the government which states that the two organs have been respectively delimited and are working harmoniously on the schemes for the development and defense of Outer Mongolia.

It is thought likely that the dissolution, if any, may have occurred on the division of funds. It is known that the army is well supplied with the surplus from the War Participation loan of Japan in 1917. Funds for the Development project were to be eked out by the operations of the Frontier Development Bank, the ingenious creation of Little Hsu, who believes that where there is a bank there is automatically a system of rubber-extension credit. Financial interests in the capital are very sceptical about this bank. It has been organized, with an authorized capital of \$10,000,000, to be invested 30 percent by the government and 70 percent by merchants. Which of these parties has fallen down on their share it is impossible to say, but the fact remains that aside from a few shares held by various tuchuns, friendly to the promoters, this capital is not yet paid in, although the bank is theoretically now active. Like the old Territorial Bank, which is now winding up its affairs on the verge of bankruptcy, this bank, it is predicted, will die a death even more sudden than its unnatural birth. Its mechanism of course is a handy one for the handling of funds from unmentioned sources dedicated to the Mongolian enterprise, and on this score the bank presents one of the phases of the Mongolian scheme which is not suspicious and most familiar to the method of the militaristic clique who back it.

Final reports of yesterday's cabinet meeting state that General Hsu presented himself before the cabinet and made a speech explaining the necessity of the establishment of the Frontier Development Bank. In consequence of his remarks a bill was passed authorizing the issuance of \$50,000,000 worth of Frontier Development Loan Bonds.

French Press Takes Up Syria's Future Position

(Reuter's Service)
Paris, August 22.—Concerning the future of Syria, the French papers urge that France is strongly opposed to any claim to establish in Asia a French dominion over the Mohammedans similar to the position she holds in Africa. The victory of the Allies cannot result in the suppression of all the independent Mohammedan Powers which were developing in Asia; it would be unjust and dangerous. France suggests that if the Emir Faisal succeeds in maintaining order in the interior then France will easily come to an agreement without infringement of Mohammedan independence.

WEAR WALK-OVER SHOES



WALK-OVER SHOE STORE
"The Store Ahead"
24 NANKING ROAD.

ANFU CLUB ANNOUNCES PEKING'S PEACE TERMS

Provide For Dissolution Of
Parliaments And For Election
Of Officials

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, August 20.—According to the Shuntien Shih Pao and the Morning Bell, Japanese and Chin-pang organs, respectively, the Anfu Club has decided on the following terms as the basis of peace with the South:

1.—That a Southern Vice-President and a Northern Premier shall be elected.

2.—That if the South be willing to dissolve the Canton Parliament the North shall agree to the Northern Parliament also being dissolved.

Owing to rumors that have been in circulation for some weeks to the effect that President Hsu had communicated with the South under the name of Mr. Wang Yi-tang, the Chief Secretary of the Cabinet, Mr. Woo Chi-sun has written a letter to Mr. Wang Yin-chuan, Chief Secretary of the House of Representatives, saying that the nomination of Mr. Wang Yi-tang had been made by the President in co-operation with Marshal Tuan and the Premier, in the earnest hope to bring about peace. There was no truth in the rumor that President Hsu had secretly acted against Mr. Wang. This letter has been published in the Kung Yen Pao.

Peking, August 24.—Yesterday twenty-five students, representing various student bodies, tried to gain an audience with the President. They waited for several hours and then departed, whereupon the police arrested all of them.

Armed Robbers Enter Dairy At Hongkong

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Hongkong, August 25.—Ten armed robbers held up Ah Wee's Kowloon Dairy yesterday evening and threatened the two Misses Ah Wee with revolvers. Mr. Henry Ah Wee escaping up the back stairs raised an alarm but before the arrival of the police the robbers decamped after ransacking the premises.

Two suspects have been arrested. Later a European sergeant while tackling another suspect was shot in the thigh. He was taken to hospital but is not seriously wounded.

U.S. Shipping Board Revises Freight Rates

The following advice regarding revision of United States Shipping Board rates has been received at the American Consulate-General from the Department of State at Washington under date of August 22:

The United States Shipping Board announces a revision of its rates from United States North Atlantic and Pacific Coast ports to Japan and China effective August fifteenth.

New rates from the Pacific Coast:
General cargo \$1.00 per hundred pounds or \$0.50 per cubic foot, ship's option; iron and steel articles \$0.60 per hundred pounds, machinery \$0.30 per hundred pounds or \$0.40 per cubic foot, ship's option.

From North Atlantic ports:
General cargo \$1.12 per hundred pounds or \$0.625 per cubic foot, iron and steel articles \$0.90 per hundred pounds or \$0.50 per cubic foot.

Special rates on other commodities.

WORKING OF PREFERENCE IN BRITAIN IS DEFINED

Explanation Given Of Classes
Of Products To Which It
Will Apply

(Reuter's Service)

London, August 21.—The Commissioners of Customs issue an explanation of the new Empire preference rates mentioned in the Budget speech on April 30, which come into operation on September 1.

In the case of manufactured goods preference is only claimable if 25 percent of the factory or works cost of each finished article is due to labor within the Empire. Exceptions to this are manufactured tobacco, refined sugar, syrup and molasses. The onus of proof rests with the importer.

HONGKONG COTTON MARKET

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Hongkong, August 25.—The Chamber of Commerce fortnightly report states:

"Owing to the heavy decline in the price of cotton dealers have curtailed operations to a few hundred bales. These were made at declining rates. Higher counts maintained their position but at the close prices were weak all round."

Raw cotton: Indian staples declined heavily. Chinese quotations were somewhat easier.

THE SHANGHAI COMMERCIAL AND SAVINGS BANK, LTD.

9, Ningpo Road

A Bank of the Chinese, by the Chinese, and for Everybody

This Bank is a Chinese Bank, carrying on banking and exchange business of every description along modern lines.

It is our endeavor to execute every transaction, whether large or small, to the full satisfaction of our clients. "SERVICE and EFFICIENCY" is our motto.

Your visit is invited and your patronage solicited. This is YOUR BANK.

K. P. CHEN, General Manager.

Cable address: "COMSAVBANK"

Phone No. C. 4522, C. 4523



AN IDEAL FOOD FOR SICK
AND WELL
of unequalled value

For Convalescents and in cases of Anemia, Debility, Overwork, Neurasthenia, Dyspepsia, etc. A delightful beverage for healthy individuals, children, nursing mothers, aged people and all those in run down condition.

CONCENTRE ALIMENTAIRE
SAVOUREUX
Pour les personnes malades et en suite Supplément en Convalescence, combat anémie, débilité, Neurasthénie, Dyspepsie, etc. Se recommande aux Enfants, Mères nourissantes, personnes âgées, malades, ainsi qu'à ceux souffrant de travail mental.

To be obtained from all Leading Stores and Dispensaries.

SOLE AGENTS:

ANDREWS & GEORGE

1 Fochow Road.

Shanghai.

Today's Band Program

S. M. Band

Performances by the Public Band will be given, weather permitting, programs as follows:

(a) in the Public Garden at 5:30 p.m.:

1. March—The Blue Ribbon
2. Overture—Yelva
3. Waltz—Valse Mai
4. Selection—The Sunshine Girl
5. (a) Song—Venetian Love Song
- (b) Intermezzo—Kismet

(b) in the Race Club Enclosure at 9 p.m.:

1. March—Slippery Hank
2. Overture—La Casse Ladies
3. Waltz—Ideal Espanol
4. Selection—Reminiscences of Scotland
5. (a) One Step—Oh Johnny! Oh Johnny! Oh!
- (b) Serenade—Moszkowsky
6. Waltz—Cecile
7. (a) One Step—Sweet Little Buttercup
- (b) Fox Trot—Cleopatra Had a Jazz Band
8. Selection—Carmen

A de Kryger,

Conductor-in-Charge.

French Municipal Band

Performance by the French Municipal Band will be given today, weather permitting, at the Koukaza Public Garden, at 6 p.m., program as follows:

1. Stars and Stripes—Marche
2. Le Tambourin—Danse
3. La Fille du Regiment—Fantaisie
4. Clair de Lune—Serenade
5. Santiago—Valse Espagnole
6. Fanfare des Dragons

Le Chef de Musique

J. F. Hymans

The Summer

is the time for
AMERICAN
APPLE CIDER

SOLD EVERYWHERE

Connell Bros. Co., Agents

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

Fletcher's Castoria is particularly a preparation for Infants and Children made agreeable to the taste, acceptable to the stomach and pleasant in its action. It has been in use for over thirty years and has always been one of the most highly esteemed of all cathartic preparations. It has one great advantage over other preparations of its kind in that while it opens the organs readily and completely, it does not have a tendency to produce subsequent constipation so much to be dreaded.

It was only after years of research in the fields of herbs and roots for a combination of purely vegetable matter that would have all the virtues of Castor Oil, without its disagreeable, nauseating properties, especially when used for infants or children, that the formula used in Fletcher's Castoria was found, and which for over 30 years has proven its worth. Try it.

Save the Babies.

Infantry mortality is something frightful. We can hardly realize that of all the children born in civilized countries, twenty-two per cent, or nearly one quarter die before they reach one year, thirty-seven per cent, or more than one-third, before they are five, and one half before they are fifteen! We do not hesitate to say that a timely use of Castoria would save many of these precious lives. Neither do we hesitate to say that many of these infantile deaths are occasioned by the use of narcotic preparations. Drops, tinctures and soothing syrups sold for children's complaints contain more or less opium or morphine. They are, in considerable quantities, deadly poisons. In any quantity, they stupefy, retard circulation and lead to congestion, sickness, death. To avoid any possibility of giving your child opiates, or narcotics of any kind, keep Fletcher's Castoria in the house, and Save the Babies.

The Children's Comfort—The Mother's Friend.

In Use For Over 30 Years
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY



Electric Irons

An extract from Aesop's Fables:—

"Many years ago, the Sad Iron was a very powerful and wicked tyrant, and was feared by all who came in contact with him. Everybody had to obey his wishes and do his will. The fire had to keep him warm, the hearth-rug had to clean his face, and, if he was too warm, he gave full vent to his wrath on the clothes that he smoothed. One day a new arrival came into the world, called the ELECTRIC IRON. This iron was very clever. It could make its own heat, its face never needed cleaning, and it never burnt the clothes, so the people, seeing how good and clever it was, killed the Sad Iron and put the Electric Iron in its place."

Safest. Cleanest. Cheapest.

MUNICIPAL ELECTRICITY DEPARTMENT

SHOWROOMS: 471-2 NANKING ROAD. TEL. CENTRAL 2660.

\$14.30 Net

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DRINK
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The Perfect Water

PHONE WEST 189
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Business and Official
Notices

(Second Section)
THE CHINA PRESS
報 大

SHANGHAI, TUESDAY, AUGUST 26, 1919

Classified Advertisements

All Advertisements must
be Prepaid

Replies must be
called for

2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

**The Tientsin-Pukow Railway
Administration.**

Notification No. 288 (064-5).

The public is respectfully informed that the following regulations are enforced from date of the Tientsin-Pukow Line until further notice:—
Regulations for the Prevention of Cholera Epidemic on the Tientsin-Pukow Railway

1. Each batch of two medical officers are provided at Tientsin, Tatanan, Hsuehchow, Pengpu and Pukow stations as well as on junctions with other lines and waterways to examine passengers before tickets being sold to them at the station. If any passenger is found to be infected with the contagious disease, he shall be stopped from booking ticket and sent to a nearest hospital for treatment. Passengers of all classes coming off from trains shall also be subject to examination in like manner.

2. Medical officers are also provided on all UP and DOWN trains to examine passengers. In case any one being found infected with the disease, a simple treatment shall be preliminarily be afforded, and, to avoid its spread, disinfection shall be promptly carried out and have the patient removed to the nearest hospital for treatment.

3. In case cholera broke out on a train on its midway and death occurred before sufficient measure can be had to afford treatment, the deceased shall be handed over to the nearest station which shall in conjunction with the local police authorities have the corpse promptly buried and disinfection carried out both on the spot as well as on the train so as to prevent infection.

4. During the period when the regulations of cholera prevention is being carried out, no coffin with corpse is allowed to be transported over any part or whole of this line.

5. Passenger cars of all classes attached to any UP and DOWN trains must be properly swept and kept clean. No dirt shall be allowed to remain especially on third class cars. Train guards shall supervise car boys and servants to carry out the work energetically and disinfection shall be applied as soon as a train arrives at its terminus station. Medical officers on trains will be held responsible to see that no unclean or deteriorated food stuff are supplied on dining and buffet cars attached to all trains. Offenders of the above will be severely dealt with.

6. Efficient disinfection must be kept on carrying out every day at all stations, waiting rooms, platforms, latrines and all places where passengers pass by.

7. For the benefit of public health, additional spittoons treated ready with lime and disinfection fluid are to be provided at all stations, waiting rooms and in trains.

8. Inspection at stations and on trains must be taken up with cordial attitude especially towards woman passengers. Advice in mild tone shall be offered in case of obstructions. No high handed manner is allowed and punishment is imperative if whoever commits such act.

9. At all stations sale of sweet melons, water melons, raw fruits, impure aerated water, fruit juice and all kinds of uncleanly cooked eatables that attract flies are prohibited.

10. At all the railway workshops, car sheds and places of resort of workmen, coolies and police, the officers in charge thereof shall effectively take in hand the precautionary measures against cholera as specially prescribed by the Railway Hospitals.

11. Report shall be made from time to time whenever development of the epidemic is noticed among passengers, workmen or labourers along the line.

12. All station staffs, guards, conductors and railway police officers either stationed or travelling in trains shall do their best to co-operate with the Sanitary Inspectors in carrying out their functions.

(sd.) S. C. SHU,
Managing Director.

Tientsin, 15th August, 1919.

24980

Dr. James Yukiung's

Office for Venereal Diseases is now removed to
73 NANKING ROAD.
Hours: 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. daily
and by appointment.
Special consideration to men in uniform.

Special Notice To Mariners
No. 538.

China Sea

Shanghai District.

Yangtze River—North and South Channel Entrances.

Drinkwater Point and Kiutoan Lightvessels replaced on their stations.

Referring to Special Notices to Mariners Nos. 535 and 536, NOTICE is hereby given that the Drinkwater Point and Kiutoan Lightvessels have been replaced on their respective stations in the North and South Channel Entrances to the Yangtze River, and retain the characteristics given for them in the current issue of the List of Lights, Buoys and Beacons.

T. J. ELDRIDGE,
Coast Inspector.

Coast Inspector's Office,
Shanghai, 25th August, 1919.

25065

NOTICE TO MARINERS
No. 686.

China Sea

Yangtze River—Chinkiang District.

Kiushan Bank Beacon Moved.

Referring to Notice to Mariners No. 675, NOTICE is hereby given that the Kiushan Bank Beacon has, owing to the washing away of the river bank, been moved 15 cables S. 59° E., magnetic, from its former position. The characteristics of the beacon remain unchanged and from its new position Pitman-King Island Surveying Beacon bears S. 38° E., and is distant 2.35 miles.

By Order of the Inspector General of Customs.

T. J. ELDRIDGE,
Coast Inspector.

THE MARITIME CUSTOMS,
Coast Inspector's Office,
Shanghai, 25th August, 1919.

25072

NOTICE

The offices of the Royal Swedish Consulate General will be removed, on September 1st, to temporary premises at 15, Avenue Edouard VII.

Shanghai, August 25th, 1919.

25074

Guarantee Withdrawn

Notice is hereby given that in view of the death of my father, Mr. Tai Yun Lai (戴運來), which took place on the 25th day of the 7th moon (20th August, 1919), all deeds of guarantee or surety executed by him either personally or in the name of Lee Chong (利昌) during his lifetime on behalf of his relatives, friends or others are hereby nullified from the date of his death.

TAI KUN SING (戴錦辛)
LEE CHONG & SONS,
7 North Soochow Road.

25001

NOTICE

I hereby give notice that I have been appointed General Manager for China of Rogers Brown & Company, under full power of attorney, and that all other powers of attorney heretofore held by any other person or persons to represent said Company in China have been revoked.

W. C. WICKERSHAM,
General Manager for China of
Rogers Brown & Company.

Shanghai, August 21st, 1919.

25011

Business and Official Notices
are Continued on
Page 13

Business Men's Lunch
at
Sullivan's Candy Store
every day (excepting Sunday)
11.30 a.m. until 2 p.m.
Price 60 cts.

Shanghai Rowing Club
SWIMMING GALA

Friday and Saturday,
29th and 30th August, 1919.

Shanghai Championships for 880 yards, Long Plunge and Diving.

Team Races, Mixed Races, Water Polo, etc.

Entrance Tickets at \$1 each may be obtained from Messrs. H. P. B. Jones and D. Campbell, at the Boat House, Soochow Road or

T. R. MACDONALD,
Hon. Secretary.

25066

Shanghai Race Club

Six per cent. Debentures (1909)

The Debenture Transfer Register will be closed from 26th instant to 31st instant, both dates inclusive.

By Order of the Stewards,

A. W. OLSEN,
Secretary, Shanghai Race Club.

25020

Shanghai Race Club

AUTUMN RACE MEETING, 1919.

APPLICATIONS for Stabling, Saddle and Tiffin Rooms, also licences for Head Mafoos and Riding Boys for the half-year ending 29th February, 1920, must be forwarded to the undersigned before 6 p.m., on Monday, 1st September, 1919.

Application forms will be found on the notice-board in the Grand Stand.

The Courses will be open for Training on 1st September, 1919.

By Order of the Stewards,

A. W. OLSEN,
Secretary, Shanghai Race Club.

25020

**WHARFAGE
AND
STORAGE RATES**

On and after September 1st an increase of 15% on the existing Wharfage, Landing, and Storage rates will be charged, excepting for those goods for which Landing Accounts have been issued.

All rebates hitherto allowed will be withdrawn after August 31st, excepting on existing contracts made in writing and still in force at that date. At the Pootung Wharves a rebate of 7½% will be granted on the Receiving, Storing, and Delivery charges. Revised tariffs for Wharfage, Landing, and the Storage charges are being drawn up, and will be published in early November, the new tariffs coming into force as from January 1st, 1920.

Changkahpang Wharves. The Mitsubishi Co.
China Merchants' Wharves.
Holt's Wharf.
Kaiyosha's Pootung Wharf.
Nippon Yusen Kaisha's Wharves.
Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Wharves.
Robert Dollar Co.'s Wharf.
Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf Co.'s Wharves.

24814

Amusement Advertising
will be found on
Page 14

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METALS, HARDWARE & SUNDRIES

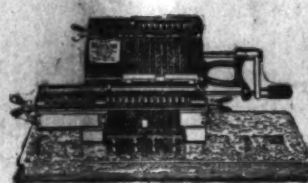
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BROADWAY-SHANGHAI

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**TO DIVIDE
IS EASY**



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**MARCHANT
CALCULATING MACHINE**

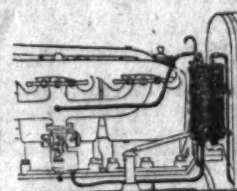
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Centra: 4774 22 Nanking Road, Shanghai

**STEWART VACUUM
GASOLINE SYSTEM**

Over the roughest roads it insures an absolutely positive gasoline feed. It is self-contained, simple in construction; nothing to get out of order, nothing that needs attention.



Distributors and Service Station for China of Stewart Products

The Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.

**MANUFACTURERS
EXPORTERS IMPORTERS**

We are in a position, through our reliable connections throughout the United States to guarantee the absolute top-prices for any goods you may desire to ship. We also purchase and ship American goods of all description, and in any quantity desired, at manufacturers' rock-bottom quotations.

We shall, at all times, be glad to give you detailed reports of the possibilities of import and export in any particular line of goods.

If you are desirous of taking advantage of the new and unprecedented trade conditions which the American Market offers you today, you should communicate with

L. A. NIELSEN CO.

Commercial Brokers

1742 Bush Street, San Francisco, California, U. S. A.

Cable Address "NILLWES."

24890

BIRDS OF PARADISE

The finest assortment ever
seen in Shanghai

In order to obtain a choice
selection call early.

BEJONJEE & COMPANY

572P Nanking Road,
(Opposite 44 Nanking Road.)

25046

RAZORS! RAZORS!

Just Arrived
GUARANTEED GENEVA STEEL
Price \$2.00 each
while they last

Liengyi Mercantile Co.
Szechuen and Soochow Roads.

25049

Prof. J. K. Seto

Turkish Bath and Massage
Establishment

25 N. Szechuen Road, Shanghai.
Tel. North 2768

APARTMENTS

Connaught House
8 Quinsan Gardens.

To let, with board, a comfortable room with bath room attached, suitable for two persons. Also one small room.
Apply Mrs. G. POLLOCK.

TO LET

From July 15th, one large front room, with verandah and bathroom, facing the Park, very cool in summer; and also one small room. Apply to Mrs. Weinstein, 15 Quinsan Gardens, Tel. North 482.

TO let from September 1st, large comfortable newly furnished rooms equally appropriate for summer and winter. All modern comforts. For particulars apply to Box 259, THE CHINA PRESS.

OFFERED to bachelor in American-English family, a well-furnished room with bathroom, board optional. French-town. Apply to Box 310, THE CHINA PRESS.

TO LET, nicely furnished rooms, with board, use of telephone, etc. Apply No. 78 Bubbling Well Road, Telephone West 1473.

25070 S. 2

TO LET, two well-furnished south rooms and bathroom, flush toilet, large garden; will let separately. Apply 24 Route Pere Robert, after 5.30 p.m.

25068 A. 27

SITUATION WANTED

AN educated Chinese, at present employed, with several years' experience in imports, exports and typewriting, desires a change. Salary moderate. Apply to Box 309, THE CHINA PRESS.

25061 A. 23

WANTED immediately, by honest reliable young man, position of any kind where there is chance advancement. Experienced in office work, accounting, etc. Apply to Box 312, THE CHINA PRESS.

25071 A. 27

POSITION WANTED by a lady, experienced as assistant in a hotel, in any capacity; also take private English lessons for Chinese and Japanese or salesgirl. Apply to Box 302, THE CHINA PRESS.

25036 A. 27

CHINESE gentleman, fluent speaker and correspondent in English, well up in export of China produce and general office management, over ten years in present situation, is open for a change. Apply to Box 294, THE CHINA PRESS.

25022 A. 26

COMPETENT, American college-educated lady stenographer, having executive ability, at present employed, desires to make change of position. Available September 1st. Apply to Box 293, THE CHINA PRESS.

25017 A. 26

NOTICE

The Agents, Owners and Master of the Schooner LEVI W. OSTRANDER hereby give notice that they will not be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew.

(sgd.) A. NYMAN,
Master.

25029

**Carpets and Rugs
FOR SALE**

AT

REASONABLE PRICES

**HWA VENG
CARPET FACTORY**

F94 Bubbling Well Road,
Opposite Race Course.

24894

HOUSES TO LET

TO LET, 20 Yates Road, detached eight-roomed residence, tennis, garage, stabling. Apply premises or J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

24749

TO LET, 44 Sinza Road, excellent residence of four large and three small rooms. Apply premises or J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

24750

EDUCATIONAL

YOUNG LADY is willing to give English lessons to foreigners or Chinese. Terms moderate. Apply to Box 298, THE CHINA PRESS.

25031 A. 27

OFFICES WANTED

OFFICES wanted by Danish firm. Central district. Address offers to H. C. Augustesen, Burlington Hotel.

25019 A. 29

SITUATION VACANT

LADY companion wanted to accompany elderly lady to America; first-class passage with expenses. Apply, with references and terms, for interview to Box 313, THE CHINA PRESS.

25073 A. 28

WANTED, a reliable Chinese assistant, with some knowledge of book-keeping, to translate a set of Chinese books into English. Apply, giving references, to Box 311, THE CHINA PRESS.

25069 A. 28

WANTED, stenographer with experience for import and export business. American firm. Apply to Box 305, THE CHINA PRESS.

25045 A. 27

STENOGRAPHER required by large American firm for their Harbin office. Apply to Box 292, THE CHINA PRESS.

25015 A. 28

APARTMENTS WANTED

WANTED by American bachelor, comfortable room with bath, in western district or French-town; without board. Apply to Box 279, THE CHINA PRESS.

25023 A. 26

OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

OFFICES for rent, Central district. Ten rooms, elevator service. Apply to Box 260, THE CHINA PRESS.

24949

Exchange and Mart

BABY car for sale, Humber, two-seater, with dickey seat. Just painted and overhauled, with new tyres. Price Tls. 550. Apply to Box 308, THE CHINA PRESS.

25060 A. 26

BROWN Pekinese poodle, English carrier pigeons, American Black Minorcas, and White Leghorns for sale. Apply to Box 307, THE CHINA PRESS.

25059 A. 28

FOR SALE, one carriage horse, fine condition, \$250. Also one nearly new upright piano, good make, \$350. Any reasonable offer considered. Apply to Box 295, THE CHINA PRESS.

25024 A. 29

WANTED to purchase, two-seater motor car, with smaller body, in good condition. State price and make to Box 296, THE CHINA PRESS.

25027 A. 26

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, August 25, 1919.
Money And Bullion
 Sovereigns: buying rate
 @ 5/11 = Tls. 3.3803
 @ exch. 7.32 = Mex. \$4.6179
 Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate,
 @ 124 = Tls. 30.16
 @ exch. 7.32 = Mex. \$4.6179
 Mex. Dollars Market Rate: 72.925
 Shanghai Gold Bars: 978 touch Tls. 196
 Copper Cash: per tael 136.700
 Native Interest: Tls. 22

Latest London Quotations
 Bar Silver: 60 1/2 d.
 Bank Rate of Discount: 5%
 Ex. Paris on London: Fr. 34.13
 Ex. New York on London: T.T.
 G. 4.19%

Exchange Closing Quotations
 London: T.T. 5/11
 London Demand: 5/11 1/2
 India: Nom. T.T. 302
 Paris: T.T. 94 1/2
 Paris Demand: 94 1/2
 New York: T.T. 124 1/2
 New York Demand: 124 1/2
 Hongkong: T.T. 65
 Japan: Nom. T.T. 40 1/2
 Batavia: T.T. 332 1/2
 Singapore: T.T. 39 1/2

Bank Buying Rates
 London: Demand 6/-
 London Nom. 4 m/s. Ctds. 6 1/16
 London Nom. 4 m/s. Decy. 6 1/16
 London Nom. 6 m/s. Ctds. 6 1/2
 London Nom. 6 m/s. Decy. 6 1/2
 Paris: Nom. 4 m/s. 101 1/2
 New York: o/d. Decy. 126
 New York: 4 m/s. 133 1/2

ROUBLES EXCHANGE
 Today's Bank Buying Rate
 For Roubles
 Roubles 5,000 = Tls. 100
 Roubles 100 = Mex. \$2.25

CUSTOMS HOUSE EXCHANGE
RATES FOR AUGUST
 Tls. 3.25 @ 5/6 = 21
 " 1 @ 828 Nom. Fr. 9.22
 " 0.74 @ 121 1/2 Gold \$1
 " 1 @ 11 1/2 Yen. 2.68
 " 1 @ 15 Rupees 4.62
 " 1 @ Roubles
 " 1 @ 150 Mex. \$1.50

Stock Exchange

Transactions

Shanghai, August 25, 1919.
TODAY'S QUOTATIONS
 Official
 Langkats Tls. 19.50 C.N.I.
 Kung Yik Cotton (20 Shares)
 Tls. 27.00
 Yangtzepoo Cotton Tls. 16.25
 Unofficial
 Yangtzepoo Cotton Tls. 16.00

Sharebrokers' Association

Transactions

Shanghai, August 25, 1919.
BUSINESS DONE
 Official
 Shanghai Klebangs Tls. 0.52 1/2 cash

Shanghai Produce & Stock Exchange

Transactions

Shanghai, August 25, 1919.
 Shanghai P. and S. Exchange
 Tls. 20.00 Aug.
 Local Yarn:
 Water Moon 16's
 Tls. 201.00 Sept.
 Tls. 205.50 Oct.
 16/20's Tls. 212.90 Oct.
 Tls. 212.30 Nov.
 Tls. 209.50 Dec.
 Tls. 207.50 Jan.

Rubber Prices

Messrs. Hugo Reiss and Co. have received the following telegram from Messrs. Barker and Co., Ltd., London, dated the 21st instant:
 Average Spot price standard quality Ribbed Smoked Sheet 1/10%
 Average Spot price standard quality First Crepe 1/11%
 Ex warehouse (Singapore) 1/10%, 1/11, business has been done at above prices, for delivery November-December.

KODAK ALBUMS

Large variety, prices from 30 cts. upwards.

Barr 3 Broadway

Passengers Arrived

Per I.C. s.s. Suiko from Hankow: Messrs. H. F. Van Eck, C. W. Butson, S. P. Brane, 5 Naval Ratings; from Klukiang: Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Stocks, Miss S. Cook.
 Per H. O. s.s. Changon from Hankow: Miss Couling, Mr. and Mrs. Price.
 Per C. N. s.s. Hsin Peking from Ningpo: Messrs. W. L. Gerrard, C. F. Parson, Dr. G. F. Grant.
 Per C. N. s.s. Tungchow from Tientsin and ports: Dr. and Mrs. Ransom, Misses Broman, M. Van Slater, Blascoer, Mr. and Mrs. Valdiman, and 2 children, Mrs. Price, Mr. and Mrs. Sogrand, and 2 children, Mrs. Carrnagh and 3 children, Messrs. S. Deas, J. A. Schumann, Pederson, Viloudaki.
 Per C. N. s.s. Luanyi from Hankow: Messrs. Woodcock, Saylor.
 Per C. M. s.s. Kiangyung from Hankow: Mrs. Hakanson, Messrs. Ughart, Serapis, Bouscal.
 Per C. N. s.s. Chusan from Tsingtau: Misses Cooper, Grenara, Smith, Mrs. Goldman, Messrs. Kroll, Ravikovich.
 Per C. N. s.s. Shuntien from Tientsin and ports: Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Clarke and child, Misses L. Sheving, K. Taylor, Mrs. Barnes and child, Mrs. Roberts and child, Mrs. E. T. Taylor, Mrs. Gray and 2 children, Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Ward, Messrs. Miller, Malcolm, A. R. Hogg, L. Canning, S. Cotton.
 Per S.M.R. s.s. Sakaki Maru from Dairen: Mr. and Mrs. J. Bourke, Dr. and Mrs. F. B. Hudson, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Long and child, Mr. and Mrs. K. Hoffmeyer and baby, Mr. and Mrs. Hirai, Mrs. A. Davenport, Misses E. M. Davenport, M. J. Connex, L. Souza, P. F. Clifton, Mrs. J. Thompson and 3 children, Mrs. P. Stanion and child, Mrs. A. Eickenbaum, Messrs. H. H. Cook, L. Stocheschak, M. Laurent, C. N. Gray, Loizloff, R. W. Mooney.
 Per N.Y.K. s.s. Yamashiro Maru from Japan: Misses F. B. Tollday, E. Borodina, F. E. Loggin, A. C. Loggin, Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Honford, Mrs. M. P. Brooks, Mrs. O. F. Brooks, Mrs. A. E. Thompson, Messrs. C. P. Cross, H. A. Riddle, B. Thompson, S. Burston, J. H. Farquharson, G. S. Cubett, J. Ferguson.
 Per N.Y.K. s.s. Takeshima Maru from Japan: Mr. S. L. and Mrs. Jacob, Messrs. H. J. Johnston, R. U. Ward.
 Per C.P.O.S. s.s. Empress of Russia from Vancouver: Misses J. W. Ames, E. F. Cooper, H. Cartwright, D. C. Fearon, H. A. Frame, E. Goucher, N. Griffiths, A. Graves, M. E. Howard, K. Hand, L. Hau, E. L. Kohants, M. King, O. D. Krapp, J. W. Lide, H. Love, C. McLaughlin, M. McDode, L. V. Mitchell, M. E. Mitchell, J. Marillon, M. R. and E. Newton, H. Peebles, E. Roys, E. Stowell, F. L. Taylor, M. E. Wood, H. K. McGregor, J. M. J. and C. W. Robertson, C. Moule, M. and E. Pierle, E. K. Chandler, Mrs. M. G. Benedict, Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Cobbett, Mr. and Mrs. Dobson and 2 children, Mrs. E. and Miss V. Dadieman, Mrs. G. T. Edkins and 2 children, Capt. J. B. Fearn, Dr. and Mrs. E. U. Gauntlett, Mr. and Mrs. and Miss Gates, Mr. and Mrs. C. Goldrie, Mr. and Mrs. R. Hockey, Capt. C. Harris, Dr. R. A. P. Hill, Mrs. C. and Miss Hearn, Rev. and Mrs. R. A. and Miss Jaffray, Lieut. E. J. Lloyd, Mr. and Mrs. R. N. Lunkley, Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Newton, Mstr. Newton (4).

Mrs. T. Z. Nyok, Mr. and Mrs. J. L. and Miss Parker, Dr. and Mrs. C. K. Roys and child, Mrs. L. J. Rankin, Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Reib, Mr. and Mrs. R. Rankin and child, Mrs. E. S. M. Steward, Mrs. T. L. Sung, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Whitehead, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Winaus, Mrs. J. M. White, Mr. and Mrs. C. Wood, Capt. Cockell, Mrs. Dowal, Mr. and Mrs. G. Knowles, Mr. and Mrs. K. McWhae, Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Reanes, Mrs. J. Reeves, Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Rosenfeld, Mrs. and Miss Weiss, Mr. and Mrs. A. Pierle, Mrs. S. and Miss Dietrich, Mrs. W. G. H. Forrest, Mrs. L. Godman and child, Mrs. N. Geiman, Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Palmer, Messrs. L. L. Andrews, C. L. Alcheson, J. L. Bernward, F. D. A. Barton, C. L. Boldridge, P. W. Bennett, A. W. Chapman, R. Cohen, E. A. Ericson, J. L. Flannery, E. B. Gregory, G. E. Guy, A. C. Hall, H. L. Hauck, S. High, E. Hammerding, C. A. Jones, P. Jones, M. C. Jenks, W. D. Kehl, G. S. P. Kemp, W. S. Loverson, R. H. Morris, K. Y. Ma, H. B. Niles, W. S. A. Pott, J. H. Pott, S. Rakusen, L. S. Stone, M. H. Thierburn, R. H. Talbot, H. Walker, Almon, Balesh, P. Hamlin, W. Hutchison, W. Hale, A. M. Haslim, W. D. Kay, H. McWhae, E. F. Mohler, J. J. O'Sullivan, W. G. Pirie, R. W. Robertson, A. Rendano, E. S. R. Rowe, R. W. Wingrove, W. G. Cassidy, K. O. White, A. C. N. Anderson, D. Atholme, P. Auguste, B. E. K. Behr, B. Catoaris and child, C. Joseph, C. W. Martyr, A. C. Stolsmaker, H. R. Franz, C. Fox, W. E. Hargreaves, G. Thompson, H. Knowles, L. Tomkinson, T. H. Youngson.

Passengers Departed

Per C. N. s.s. Hsin Peking for Ningpo: Mrs. Fulton, Miss Geary.
 Per C. N. s.s. Suiyang for Amoy: Messrs. E. C. Gauss, Allgood; for Hongkong: Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Ward, Mr. J. Adamson, Miss Scott.
 Per C. N. s.s. Tatung for Wuhu: Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Miller; for Klukiang: Miss Loggin, Miss A. Loggin, Mr. B. M. Smith; for Hankow: Messrs. Robertson, Geyson, E. Hargreaves, Misses Robertson, Rousae, Mr. and Mrs. Rousae.
 Per K.M.A. s.s. Kwansing for Hsinho: Major and Mrs. Capstick and child, Major and Mrs. Young, child and nurse.
 Per M.M. s.s. Andre Lebon for Marseilles: Mrs. E. Haasheer, Misses M. Haasheer, H. de Reuss, Teheng Te-ki, Mrs. Wouters, Mr. and Mrs. Q. Chapeaux, Rev. G. Gauthier, Mrs. G. Donnay, Mr. and Mrs. Tsung Hien-lo, and 3 children, Mr. and Mrs. G. Valmont, Mr. and Mrs. A. Bilger and child, Mr. and Mrs. J. Lafille and child, Mon-

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The China Press

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR
EXCEPT ON MONDAYS AND HOLIDAYS
Main Office, Ford Building, Wilmington,
Delaware, U. S. A.

Address all Communications to
THE CHINA PRESS
Publication Office Canton and Kiangsu Rd., 3rd
Floor, New York Office, World Building
Washington Bureau Metropolitan Bank Building
Tokyo Bureau, Japan Advertising Building

Subscription Rates
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Year, \$22.50
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Month, \$2.00
SUNDAY, per Year, \$7.00

Mailed to Outports, 50 cents per month, or
\$6.00 per year extra.
Mailed to foreign countries the cost of postage
will be added.

Street Sales—Daily 10 cents per copy; Sunday
15 cents per copy.

Entered at the Chinese P. O. for transmission
with "special marks" privileges in China.

Entered as second-class mail matter at U. S.
Post Office, Shanghai, China.

Entered as a newspaper at the Japanese P. O.
Telephone—1422 Business Office.

1431 Editorial Department.
Telephone Address—NATREX SHANGHAI

THE CHINA PRESS Incorporated,
Delaware, Publishers

WEATHER

The typhoon approaching Formosa
threatens the coast between
Amoy and Foochow and perhaps
farther north. Squalls from
ENE; occasional showers.

IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, AUGUST 26, 1919

The Lesson Of The Tax Dispute

THE Chinese merchants have
agreed to pay their rates, in-
cluding the increase, which is the
only possible solution of the im-
mediate situation. But the basic
issue, out of which this situation
arose, still remains to be dealt with.
That issue is representation for the
Chinese population on the governing
body of the Settlement. And this
experience should be lesson enough to
teach the most recalcitrant the
necessity not only of such repre-
sentation but of the entire re-
organisation of the Settlement's
form of government.

This is not the first time the ques-
tion of representation on the Council
for Chinese has arisen. It was
brought up at ratepayers' meetings
years ago by a few hardy and un-
crusted souls, and tossed aside on
one pretext or another. It is little
wonder therefore that the more im-
patient Chinese resolved to obtain it
by pressure at the most vital spot if
reason was unavailing. And they
have demonstrated, with unpleasant
foreboding, that they can apply pres-
sure. Now, as this paper said two
weeks ago, refusal to pay taxes is
not a weapon that can be justified or
permitted, in any nationality in this
Settlement. It cannot be conceded
that any nationality has the right to
undermine the life of the community
on any grievance, of the justice of
which it shall be itself the judge.
But on the other hand it is a badly
governed community in which any
part of it is allowed to have and to
cherish a grievance in which there
is even a moderate element of
justice.

And this is a badly governed com-
munity; not in the sense of person-
nel but in structure and organiza-
tion. That structure rests on a
foundation designed decades ago for
a little foreign colony on a tiny part
of the edge of a Chinese coast. Shang-
hai is that no longer. It is in foreign
population alone a fairly large city
and rapidly growing; and in com-
bined foreign and Chinese population,
which is the view from which it must
be judged administratively, a me-
tropolis. And a metropolis govern-
ed on a design drawn for a village
is necessarily a badly governed com-
munity. We can continue to meet
these questions individually as they
sporadically arise and blunder
along, if we will, but the only in-
telligent action is complete recon-
struction, thoroughgoing reorganiza-
tion based on conditions as they
now exist in Shanghai and as they
can be forecast for the future.
Sooner or later we must come to that.
Why not now, and avoid un-
necessary incidents such as the one
just closed?

Correspondence

The Kuling Dispute

Editor, THE CHINA PRESS

Sir,—We have undoubtedly had
the last poll this year for getting
regulations and bye-laws for
Kuling.

Never could we expect a few
days ago, when at the close of the
Landrenters Annual meeting, that
immediately seventeen out of over
three hundred voters should peti-
tion the Council to arrange for an
extra landrenters meeting to con-
sider and take action so as to get in
the regulations and bye-laws in
force at an extremely early date.
But such steps were taken, though
only to prove the folly of a rule which
puts such power in the hands of a
few voters, and to meet with a
crushing defeat.

As the Landrenters had gathered
in the Kuling Union Church, 9:15
a.m., August 21, the whole matter
took only a few minutes until the
whole scheme was "laid on the
table" with an overwhelming vote,
a motion to adjourn was put forth
and carried, and the voters were
without further notice streaming
out of the church.

But, in a way, it was rather a pity
to have such a rumpus stirred up
about the regulations at this move
in the game. It would undoubtedly
have been the wisest thing to
have given the whole matter a
year's rest after all suspicion and
antagonism aroused at the regular
annual meeting. At the time, even
if not mentioned, the real cause was
certainly remembered, which a
Hankow paper gave us in plain
language last year, why a couple of
members of the Council had gone to
Peking to try their best to get Ku-
ling declared a Concession. If we
approved or not of the move for the
time being matters little at present,
but now, as the original cause is
classed obsolete, we can do nothing
better than try to forget, the sooner
the better.

Another queer impression was
also aroused, when the chairman of
the Council, an American citizen,
was asked if the American Minister
in Peking or any other minister
there but Sir John Jordan had been
approached and their opinion re-
ceived on the matter, and the
answer was given, that the Ameri-
can Minister had only been ap-
proached by the chairman through
Sir John Jordan. But as to the
latter he was still corresponding
with and had sent up a copy of the
proposed regulations and bye-laws
for consideration. Someone also
raised the question why it had come
to such a great hurry just now, that
after nearly twenty years without
any hurry whatever, it should seem
nearly impossible to allow any time
whatever in order to examine,
criticise, and revise the regulations,
which we had not even had time to
read through. The reason was given
in a rather nervous answer, that
someone had been bitten by a dog.
Lately some other reasons have
been given. One of them is that
Sir John Jordan will probably leave
Peking this coming Winter, and
then there would be no hope any
more. Another reason is that prob-
ably the Chinese will try to take
Kuling away from us.

Whatever may come, and what-
ever may happen or not, we still
feel sorry for the sentiment aroused
by this extra meeting, which will
prove a hindrance more than a
furtherance for the issue at hand.
But let us still hope, work intelli-
gently, and win our goal in the
coming year: get together a series
of regulations and bye-laws which
we can agree to and be willing to
have enforced.

I remain, very sincerely,

I. R. S.

Kuling, August 21, 1919.

Topics In Brief

Daylight is about all anybody can
save these days.—Salt Lake Citizen.

If human nature would only work
as hard for pay as for more pay!—
Boston Herald.

German naval appropriations seem
to have included a sinking fund.—
Brooklyn Eagle.

The Germans who want their
Kaiser returned to them surely are
gluttons for trouble.—Philadelphia
Evening Ledger.

Whoever else is out of employment
in Europe, the cabinet-makers have
plenty to do.—Philadelphia Public
Ledger.

A storm knocked out the telephone
service for three or four hours in
Detroit the other day, but nobody
noticed it.—Detroit News.

There is the man who thinks and
the man who thinks he thinks. The
latter is the one who really enjoys
life.—University Missourian.

The Need Of New Parties In American Politics

By Allen McCurdy

(New York Nation)

"In politics," wrote John Stuart
Mill, "it is almost a commonplace
that a party of order and stability
and a party of progress and reform
are both essential elements of a
healthy state of political life."
Theoretically one would say at once
that unless parties were opposed to
each other they would not exist.
The theory would be confirmed by
observing the organization of parties
in other constitutionally
governed countries. Two major
parties opposed to each other on
principle insure the discussion of
every issue which seriously affects
the well-being of the people. Politi-
cal campaigns become the most
efficient educational institutions
democracy can create. The voters
have a real chance to participate
in government, to hear both sides
of the question discussed with equal
freedom, enforced and defended
with equal talent and energy, and
then to give an enlightened and
convicted mandate whether, on the
given issue, they desire order and
stability, or progress and change.
No matter which party wins the
election, there is always an organ-
ized opposition which creates an op-
position press. Neither party can
go to extremes of policy. That
suspicion of the people, upon which
Hallam asserts the durability of
liberty rests, is constantly alert.
Discussion, by which alone democ-
racy was created and by which
alone it can be maintained, be-
comes habitual in the life of the
nation.

Such is a healthy state of politi-
cal life in a nation. But there is
no symptom of this health in
American politics. In 1891 Am-
bassador Bryce recorded in "The
American Commonwealth" his as-
tonishment that neither of our
two major parties had any distinc-
tive principles, tenets, or ten-
dencies. "Neither has anything de-
finite to say about any one of the
twenty issues one hears discussed
as seriously involving the welfare
of the people. All has been lost
except office or the hope of it." In
1908 Franklin Pierce wrote in the
"Federalist": "The existence of
two political parties which really
represent the opinions of the
people and which act in vigorous
opposition to each other, is the hope
of the country. The parties stand for
grat and nothing but grat. What
we need in this country are parties
that contend for principle and not
for plunder." In 1916 the women
of New York State asked promi-
nent Republicans and Democrats to
inform them of the difference be-
tween their respective parties.
They were told that the Democratic
party was the party of Jefferson
and the Republican party was the
party of Abraham Lincoln. When the
speakers were reminded that these
men were a long time dead and that
"what we want to know is the differ-
ence between the Republican party
of Boies Penrose and the Demo-
cratic party of Charles Murphy," the
speakers were dumb. Other politi-
cal leaders are said to be more
frank. Vice-President Marshall is
reported to have offered a prize of
five dollars to anyone who would
tell him the difference between the
Democratic and the Republican
party. The latest word is from
Mr. William Hard, in the Metro-
politan magazine, May, 1919: "The
truth is that there are no national
parties in America. That is, in
America, the major parties, the
Democratic and Republican party,
are not national parties at all."

Has America then no national
party? Of course it has. It has
one of the most reactionary parties
of stability and order in the world.
This reactionary party has two
sections: the Southern, or Re-
publican; and the Southern, or
Democratic. In no other country
is the party of stability and order
so deeply and cleverly entrenched.
Why raise issues, why promote dis-
cussion, when by presenting per-
sonalities and keeping the public
blind away from facts, you can keep
control by means of the "Demo-
cratic-Republican" ballot-box? Con-
sequently, for the last thirty years
at least (except during the free-
silver campaign, which raised a
real issue such as every national
election should raise), national
elections have been huge Punch
and Judy shows, Democratic Punks
fighting Republican Judds, to the
delight of the assembled multi-
tudes. But no one gets so much
solid amusement and comfort out
of the proceedings as the invisible
reactionary voters who sit above
the curtain, as the deluded
voters grasp him firmly, first by
his right hand and then by his left.
Or has he been grasping them?

The Republican-Democratic party
of order and stability is always in
control. Neither section of this
national party ever endangers its
policy of reaction by presenting real
issues to the people, for discussion
and debate are always dangerous to
reaction. Instead of issues this party
relies on personalities and the dis-
gust of the progressive voters to
maintain its unquestioned dictation
of national policies. For example,
Mr. Hard at present represents the
Republican leaders as saying:
"What do we want with a policy?
A policy means doing something.

What we need is to do nothing.
Why try to make the country pro-
Republican? Isn't it enough that
it is anti-Democratic? Leave it
alone and watch the anti-Democratic
votes put us in the White House."

Yet there is partisanship. There
is a real contest, but it is not a
contest about policies: it is a con-
test about offices and Federal ap-
propriations. One set of office-
holders succeeds another; checks
are made out to different names,
but reaction cares nothing for the
names on the checks so long as it
maintains control of policies. The
American voter cannot, under the
present hyphenated party domina-
nce, influence national policies.
He can only put the "outs" in and
the "ins" out of office. There is
only one national ballot-box. It is
the Republican-Democratic box.
The hyphen lies directly over Mason
and Dixon's line. This box has
one partition which rests on a re-
movable slide placed somewhere
near the center of the ballot-box.
A majority of votes on the Re-
publican side means merely that a
Republican President is about to
appoint a Cabinet controlled by
Northern gentlemen whose principle
business is to see that the bulk of
Federal offices is given to Northern
Republicans in order to tighten the
Northern section of the Republic-
an-Democratic machine. It also means
that a Northern Congressman is
elected chairman of the Appropria-
tions Committee, whose principal
business is to see that as little
Federal money as possible goes
south of Mason and Dixon's line,
and as much as possible north of
it. When a majority of votes is
found on the Democratic side of
the partition, the only real mean-
ing is that the above process is re-
versed: the bulk of Federal offices
and the bulk of Federal money
flows to the South to build up the
Southern section of the Demo-
cratic-Republican party of order
and stability. When this momentous
practical question which group of
plunder seekers is to have the bulk
of the spoils is decided then reac-
tion pulls the slide, and Republican
halloo mingling intimately with De-
mocratic ones in securing to the
powers of reaction control of the
entire nation, both North and South.

Men and women who believe in
stability and order ought to have
a party and a ballot-box through
which to express their honest con-
victions. The mischief in the
United States has been, and is, that
they have had both ballot-boxes,
and have obtained the votes of
those who believe in change and
progress under false pretences per-
petuated under these different
names, Republican and Democratic.
They have not, therefore, been com-
pelled to defend their order and
their stability. There has been no
opposition press, because there has
been no opposition party. Public
discussion of questions vitally
affecting the welfare of the people
has fallen so far into disuse as to
have reached the point of being
considered, by pulpit, press, and
university alike, either dangerous
or wicked. Lacking the knowledge
of facts which free and honest dis-
cussion alone makes universal, the
American voter is said to be the most
ignorant person in the world.

This lack of public discussion
threatens the intellectual life of the
whole nation. It has produced at
least one deplorable and disquiet-
ing result: one-half of this people
does not know what the other half
thinks. Uninfluenced by that
public discussion which is neces-
sary to enlist the intelligent co-
operation of a convinced people,
not only prohibition, but all other
issues, are taken away from the
consideration of the voters and
settled by legislative committees
and the meretriciousness of the
merits of the issue, but in
ways on the "politics" of the
issue. The laws may be good or
bad. Merits of the laws thus made
are not involved in this question
at all. But as the democratic Eng-
lish bishop remarked: "It is bet-
ter to have a people free than to
have a people sober." This method
of law-making is evil through and
through. Of such stuff is liberty
destroyed. Democracy is concern-
ed primarily, not with the making
of good laws, but with the making
of a good people. Germany gave
good streets to Berliners. America
gives bad streets to New Yorkers.
But democracy is willing to wait
until the experience of bad streets
creates voters who demand good
streets. To conceive fine laws
and suppose those who pass them
is not the method of democracy; it
is the method of autocracy and despotism.

The need for the construction of
a new ballot-box is evident. The
voters who believe in progress and
reform have their honest opinions;
but they have neither party nor
ballot-box through which to express
them. They are practically dis-
franchised. They are forced to
present either to choose between
the Democratic-Republican ballot-
box, in which they do not believe,
and the Socialist ballot-box, in
which likewise they do not believe,
or to stay at home. The necessity
for this new ballot-box is rapidly
becoming imperative. The Re-
publican-Democratic game is well-

nigh played out. Reaction might
as well unite its forces and become
open, outspoken, and honest. This
plan has, indeed, been considered
as a national policy, and has ac-
tually been practiced in congress-
ional districts when reaction felt its
power threatened. Moreover, sec-
tionalism is dead. The great war
wiped away its last vestige. The
economic and industrial problems
that create the vital political issues
of the present divide into two hon-
est opposing camps the voters of
every city, town, village, and agri-
cultural district throughout the en-
tire nation.

Unless the voters who believe in
changes and reforms are given the
opportunity to make those changes
through constitutional discussion
and political decision, the forces of
order and discontent will widen
and deepen, until at some future
day they break forth in violent re-
volution. Reaction becomes insane
when it strives to suppress the dis-
cussion of the vital problems of life.
It places itself squarely against
those impalpable forces of the hu-
man spirit which know no opposi-
tion. "Idiot," said Sir Charles
James Napier, "talk of agitators;
there is but one in existence, and
that is injustice." Nor dare we
forget in this day of national crisis
the wise word of Sir Robert Peel,
who defined discussion to be "the
marshalling of the conscience of a
nation to mould its laws."

Hitherto, believers in progress
and chance have been trusting
souls, knowing the situation, but
standing, like Micawber, waiting
for something to turn up to right
matters:

Poiled with hope, men favor
deceit;

Trust on, and think tomorrow
will repay.

Tomorrow's falseness than the
former day;

Lies worse, and while it says we
shall be blest

With some new joys, cuts off
what we possessed.

The time has come for them to
cease hoping and go to work. No
real issue is going to break through
the stone-wall of Republican-Demo-
cratic control. No European con-
vulsion is to re-align American
political life. Congress is not "go-
ing to restore liberty to American
people." Liberty comes by no such
easy "pill-taking method." Liberty
comes to men who seize it and by
eternal vigilance keep it.

The creation of a new ballot-box means
the constructive will and the steady
work of those who need it in order
to assert their right of participation
in the government of their own na-
tion. How many are they? No
one knows. The forces of progress
and reform have never had an or-
ganized identity. They have been
satisfied and comforted within the
supporting ranks of this reaction-
ary Democratic-Republican or-
ganisation. Let them but separate
themselves from an organization
that stands against their convictions
and defeats their hopes, and they
will discover their power, at the
same time forcing the opponents
into the open to defend that order
and stability in which they have
secretly believed.

Wanted—a ballot-box! The party
of order and stability has one.
The Socialist has one. The terror-
ist does not want one; he seeks
a bomb, and in the wicked stupidity
of violence plays into the hands
of the party of order and stability
and discredits the forces of peace-
ful progress and change. The
Bolshevik pours his bitter scorn
upon such an infantile idea as a
new ballot-box; he wants a new
world and he wants it quick; he
would manufacture a revolution,
or—what to his foolish hopes is
easier—import one. But there are
sturdy Americans who cannot be
classified in any of these groups.
They want a party and a ballot-box,
standing somewhere between the
Democratic-Republican box and the
Socialist box, through which they
can express their honest thought
and register their convictions upon
the public questions of their day.
They want to escape the compul-
sion of saying *ja soch* to every
official utterance on pain of being
investigated by some Overman Com-
mittee or misrepresented by some
mendacious newspaper.

Such a demand will without
doubt encounter the cry of Bol-
shevism. How can it hope to es-
cape, when a minister hurls the
word at those who advocate Sun-
day baseball; when the temperance
fanatic hurls the same word at the
opponent of prohibition; when
United States Senators sully the
intellectual traditions of American
parliamentary debate by shrieking
Prussianism and Soviet rule at the
Federal Suffrage Amendment; when
one can hardly lift one's voice in
protest against the most noxious
evil without being classed with
criminals and bomb-throwers? "It
is an ancient trick," said the great
American, Phillips Brooks; "even
the Inquisitors, as they led their
victims to the stake, clothed them
in the skins and heads of wild
beasts, that the onlookers might
forget they were men and hoot
them with free consciences, as if
they were beasts."

But America is too rich in tradi-
tions of freedom to allow these
passing symptoms of war-hysteria
to dictate the way out of this, our
greatest national crisis. Our na-
tion knows the strength of reac-
tion in post-war periods. Why
should it not know? As Barrett
Wendell told the French, America
was founded in England in the de-
feat of pre-revolutionary idealism
in 1625-1650. Our British fathers
thought that the Great Rebellion
would secure to them their ideals.
(Continued on Page 11)

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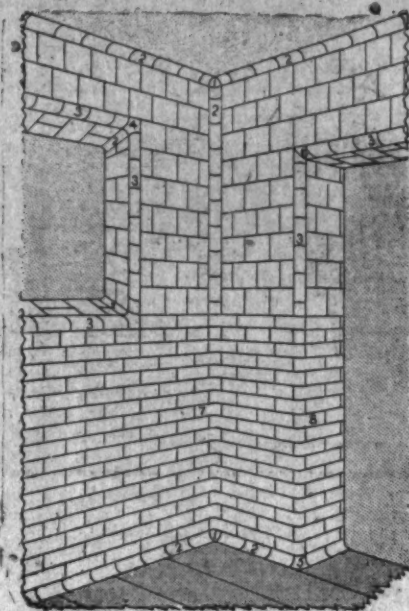
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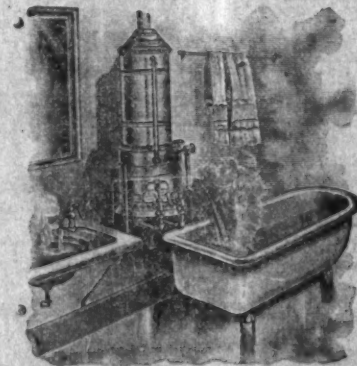
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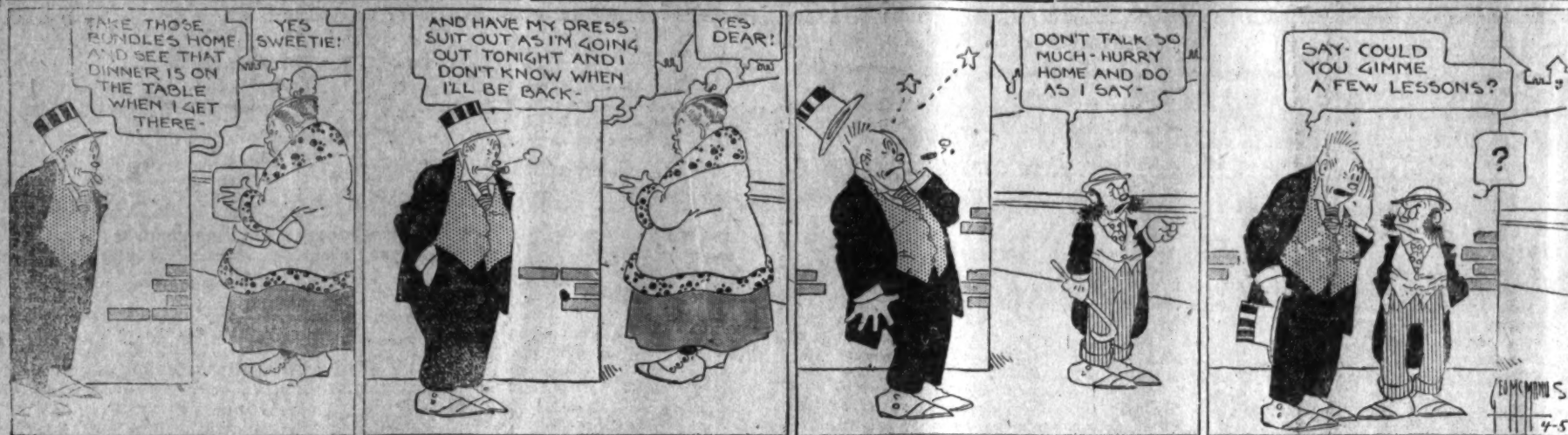
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Bringing Up Father



By George McManus

pose of making that discussion free as air.

It has been an unhappy accident of our national life that has produced but one major party, the party of stability and order, which has to a large degree dispensed with the public discussion of national issues. But we have entered the greatest crisis of our nation's life. The issues we confront are of moment to every citizen. Once we were thrilled by the idea of a square deal; but now we want a new deal. Then the demand was for a third party; now the demand is for a second party. What some Americans really want is to discuss issues—they are tired of bickering over personalities. They recognize the sound philosophy in that familiar advertisement: "Take a box of candy home to your wife; that's the way you got her, and that's the way to keep her." So in this crisis, when the future of democracy is uncertain, they say: "Let discussion be earnest, honest, and widespread; that's the way we got liberty, and that is the only way to keep it. Without it democracy is a name without meaning."

Colloid Fuel May Take The Place Of Coal

The Submarine Defense Association, largely through the investigations of its engineer, Lindon W. Bates, has produced a smokeless fuel, a combination of oil and pulverised coal, etc., which is termed colloidal fuel, says the Scientific American. This source of energy can be fed to the burners of any existing oil burning equipment, and does not call for change of installation of any sort. In just that measure in which powered coal, tar, ground coke, etc., is added to each gallon of the liquid fuel a like quantity of oil is dispensed with, and yet the total value in heat units is actually augmented.

To make this practicable many months of laboratory research were required to discover a medium which would neutralise gravitation and keep the introduced heavier particles of carbon from settling and calling for some special apparatus to stir up the mixture just before drawing it from the tanks for burning. The new agent is a paste-like, greasy substance, called "fixateur." Twenty pounds of this stuff in a ton of liquid fuel keeps the powdered coal and tar suspended in the oil and evenly distributed throughout its volume.

As a result of this seeming amendment of one of nature's laws, it is possible to combine in a stable liquid fuel 45 percent of oil, 20 percent of tar and 35 percent of pulverised coal, thereby replacing over one-half of the oil, securing equal or greater heat values per barrel and saving considerable in cost. In fact, grades of colloidal fuel can be prepared which, upon a given tank capacity, will give warships or merchant vessels a 20 percent increased steaming radius over that possible with the usual fuel oils. All the fuel pastes are mobile to sustained and easily applied pressure and may be thus pumped, fed and atomised in the combustion chamber.

THE HARVEST OF THE SEA

Busy Scenes In The Cornish Fishing Villages

By C. Fox Smith
(London Chronicle)

Blue sea white-flecked under the blue July sky—the Cornish coast stretching away, headland after majestic headland, on either hand—and a little stone breakwater with a lighthouse upon it, backed by a huddle of houses climbing the hill. And gulls everywhere—hundreds of them, thousands of them—sitting in rows on the roofs, on the gunwales of the boats in harbor, on the sea-wall, perching singly on the trucks of masts or the tops of chimneys, mewing, piping, wrangling, until the whole air seems filled with the sound of them.

And here comes what they are waiting for—brown-sailed boats one after another speeding in from sea, and rounding the breakwater, the men coiling down their gear as they come, and beginning to make ready to discharge their catch.

Just the same scene that has been going on, year in, year out, in this little Cornish harbor for the last century or so; but with a difference. Nowadays the brown sails are generally reinforced by a motor, so that the boats can return to port at their own time, instead of having to wait the pleasure of the wind, sometimes to get their haul into port too late for the market and be obliged to sell for next to no price.

Many of the boats, too, work for one of the firms owning stores on the quay, on the basis of a fixed sum a week and commission on the catch, the business of packing, dispatching, and marketing the fish being undertaken on a wholesale system.

The boats have hardly made fast in the harbor before the fish baskets are being hurled aboard from the quayside, to be filled with the gleaming fish which is being sorted in the holds of the boats straight into the baskets. The latter, duly filled, are carried off or wheeled in trolleys to the big stone warehouses close to the quayside.

Here, too, activity reigns. Outside, men are busy despatching and skinning piles of dogfish with wonderful rapidity, impaling the fish on a spike projecting from an upright post, and stripping off the tough skin as one might a stocking. The refuse goes into one heap

to be carted away and spread on the fields for manure; the skinned fish into baskets, their ultimate destination the town fried fish shops.

Elsewhere are baskets of rainbow hued gurnets, silvery pollock and whiting and dappled mackerel. These are being quickly weighed, packed into boxes, with plenty of crushed ice among them, lids are nailed on, and they are piled on to the motor-lorry ready to start on the five-mile run to the nearest main line railway station.

No longer ago than 10 o'clock this morning most of those fishes were enjoying their last swim in the Cornish waters; by 10 o'clock tomorrow they will be on sale in Billingsgate—provided the railway company does its share of the business as promptly as the good folk of Mevagissey.

The Need Of New Parties In American Politics

(Continued from Page 10)

They pinned their hopes to Cromwell. Cromwell tried. Cromwell failed. Their hopes turned to ashes. Reaction, the continuity of life, habits of men, the back-pull of ancient institutions conquered everything but their buoyant faith. What the revolution could not accomplish for them they would achieve for themselves. And so they came over here to work out the problem of human liberty and establish institutions which should always subordinate the state to the welfare of the individual citizen. They had had enough of self-appointed spokesmen; they would speak for themselves—and they did. They became a thinking, writing, town-meeting-going people. They knew what it was to be priest-ridden; so they took good care never to be priest-ridden. They met every crisis through public discussion. Human and intolerant at times, they were yet remarkably free from our modern infidelity that fears lest the truth be had. They felt they were founding a nation which should always be as Jefferson hoped for the liberality of Virginia: "This institution will be based on the illimitable freedom of the human mind. For here we are not afraid to follow truth, wherever it may lead, even to tolerate any error, so long as reason is left free to combat it." This is the soul of the real America. Its every creature—the school, the court, the church, the press, the Constitution

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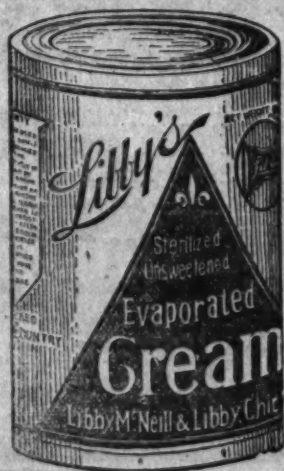
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GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. *Sutong*, 2,671 Tons, Captain Smith, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Tuesday, August 26, about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Tel. C. 250. Freight, Tel. C. 240. Passage.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co's Steamer *Suiyang Maru*, Captain S. Kusakari, will be despatched from the China Merchant's Central Wharf on Tuesday, August 26, at about 12 midnight. For Freight or Passage apply to THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA, No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer *Luenyi*, Captain Frazier, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, August 26, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. *Kiangyung*, Captain W. McIlwain, will leave on Wednesday night. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M. S.N. Co.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co's Steamer *Fenyang Maru*, Captain S. Takano, will be despatched from N.Y.K. mail Wharf on Wednesday, August 27, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage apply to THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA, No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer *Chungking*, Captain J. Meathrel, will leave on Wednesday, August 27, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. *Waishing*, 1,864 Tons, Captain Tapsell, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Wednesday, August 27, about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Tel. C. 250. Freight, Tel. C. 240. Passage.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. *Gibb*, 2,664 Tons, Captain Gibb, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Thursday, August 28, about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Tel. C. 250. Freight, Tel. C. 240. Passage.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. *Wingsang*, 2,338 Tons, Captain Christie, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Friday, August 29, about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Tel. C. 250. Freight, Tel. C. 240. Passage.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co's Steamer *Yohyang Maru*, Captain Y. Ikeda, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on Friday, August 29, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA, No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer *Newcomb*, Captain Newcomb, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, August 30, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

For Southern Ports

NINGPO.—The Str. *Kiangteen*, Captain D. D. Ross, will leave on Tuesday afternoon at 4 p.m. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M. S.N. Co.

SWATOW.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer *Ningpo*, Captain W. J. Freer, will leave on Tuesday, August 26, at 11 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

WENCHOW.—The Str. *Kwangchi*, Captain C. L. Crawford, will leave on Tuesday night. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M. S.N. Co.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The Str. *Kwangchi*, Captain C. L. Crawford, will leave on Wednesday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer *Hain Peking*, Captain A. Scott, R. N. R., will leave from the French Bund on Wednesday, August 27, at 5:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer *Chenan*, Captain H. E. Laver, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Wednesday, August 27, at noon. For Freight or Passage apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77.

AMOY & SWATOW.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer *Hothow*, Captain F. M. Dillon, will leave on Thursday, August 28, at noon. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

TAKAO (FORMOSA) via FOCHOW & KEELUNG.—The Steamer *Kohoku Maru*, Captain N. Taubaki, will be despatched from the Co's Tangshapoo wharf on September 3, at ———. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nishin Kisen Kaisha at ———. For Freight and Passage, please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234.

HONGKONG.—The Str. *Chicago Maru*, Captain S. Yamane, will be despatched from the Co's Yangtzepoo wharf on September 19, at ———. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom Jetty at ———. For Freight and Passage, please apply to THE OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

For Northern Ports

TSINGTAO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer *Yingchow*, Captain E. B. Simons, will leave on Tuesday, August 26, at 11 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer *Tungchow*, Captain Harris, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, August 26, at 3 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

CHEFOO & TIENSIN.—The Str. *Hsinming*, Captain Mackinnon, will leave on Tuesday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M. S.N. Co.

TIENSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer *Chusan*, Captain Davies, will leave on Wednesday, August 27, at afternoon. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer *Shuntien*, Captain Northcote, will leave from the French Bund on Thursday, August 28, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

TUESDAY, AUGUST 26, 1919

Date and Destination	Per	Chl.	Br.	USA	Rus.	Jap.	Reg.
Today							
Weihaiei and Chefoo	Tungchow	14.00	..	..	..	..	12.20
Weihaiei, Chefoo & Tientsin	do	14.00	..	..	..	..	12.20
Japan Ports	Yamashiro	M.19.00	..	..	..	..	15.30
Japan Ports	Tsushima	M.19.00	..	..	..	..	15.30
Vladivostok and Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
River Ports	Train & Str.	22.00	..	..	..	..	22.00
Swatow	Ningpo	19.00	10.00	..	..	..	8.30
Nankai, Kobe, Yama, Canada	Nanking	..	..	..	..	..	13.00
Hulu, U.S.A. and Europe	Nanking	..	..	..	..	..	13.00
Japan, Canada, U.S.A. and Europe	Nanking	15.00	..	..	..	..	14.30
Japan, Canada, U.S.A. and Europe	Nanking	..	..	..	..	..	17.00
Japan Ports	Tsushima	M. 17.00	..	..	..	..	15.30
Dalny	Sakaki Maru	10.00	..	..	..	..	9.30
Dalny	do	..	..	..	..	..	11.00 10.30
Chefoo	Yushun	11.00	..	..	..	..	10.30
Wenchow	Kwangchi	22.00	..	..	..	..	22.00
Hankow	Kwangchi	22.00	..	..	..	..	22.00
Tientsin	Chusan	..	..	..	..	..	17.00
Japan Ports	Yamashiro	M. 17.00	..	..	..	..	15.30
Japan & America, via Nankai	Tsushima	..	..	..	..	..	20.00 19.30
Japan & America, via Moll.	Tsushima	..	..	..	..	..	20.00 19.30
Vladivostok and Siberia via Pukow and Harbin (Daily except Sunday)	Train	..	..	..	..	..	17.00 .. 17.00
Ningpo	Kiangteen	..	..	..	..	..	15.00 .. 15.00
Tientsin	Train	..	..	..	..	..	17.00 .. 17.00
Hankow	Train	..	..	..	..	..	17.00 .. 17.00
Vladivostok	Train	..	..	..	..	..	17.00 .. 17.00
Tomorrow							
Japan, Canada, U.S.A. & Europe	Africa Maru	17.00	..	..	..	..	16.30
Swatow, Hongkong & Canton	Wosang	11.00	..	..	..	..	10.50
Vladivostok and Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
Hongkong and Canton	Train & Str.	22.00	..	..	..	..	22.00
Hongkong	Chenan	11.00	..	..	..	..	10.30
Hkong, S. Ports, A'ralia, Straits, Ceylon, India and Europe	Altai M.	15.30	..	..	..	..	16.00
Swatow and Hongkong	Wosang	..	..	..	..	..	17.00
Thursday, August 28							
Weihaiei and Chefoo	Shuntien	9.00	..	..	..	..	8.30
Weihaiei, Chefoo & Tientsin	do	9.00	..	..	..	..	8.30
River Ports	Train & Str.	22.00	..	..	..	..	22.00
Amoy and Swatow	Hothow	11.00	..	..	..	..	10.30

† Parcels only.
B Letters and boxes with declared value 7.50; parcel post 5 p.m. and money orders 4 p.m.
C Money orders and parcel post until 1 p.m.
D Registered articles 5 p.m. on previous day.
* The Chinese Post Office will close two mails daily for Tientsin, Tientsin, Peking, etc.
a—at 11 for S.N.R. 23
b—at 7 for S.N.R. 7:55
c—at 11 for S.N.R. 7:55
d reach Tientsin only 45 minutes later than those closed for the previous night's train.

C. N. C.

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The steamers *Wuchang* and *Chungking* are specially fitted to handle heavy lifts, etc., but have no accommodation for foreign passengers.

Regular sailings every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday and every third Monday and Thursday.

For WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENSIN (and Peking via TIENSIN).—S.S. *Tungchow*, *Fengtien*, *Shuntien* and *Shanghai*.—Sailing from the French Bund.

Regular sailings every Tuesday and Saturday and every alternate Thursday.

For AMOY, SWATOW, HONGKONG and CANTON.—S.S. *Suiyang*, *Sunyang*, *Stinkang*, *Yingchow*, *Singang* and *Kaiyang*.—Sailing from the French Bund. Weekly service every Thursday to Amoy and every Sunday to Swatow. Connections at Hongkong with service to Philippines and Australian ports will be advised upon application.

Regular sailings every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday mornings.

For NINGPO.—S.S. *Hain Peking*.—Sailing from the French Bund. Regular sailings every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4.30 p.m.

The above steamers have Electric Light throughout and are fitted with Electric Fans and Steam Heaters in State Rooms and Dining Saloons, and are otherwise completely equipped for the comfort and convenience of passengers.

For further particulars regarding Sailings, Passage Rates, etc., see "THE TAIKOO SHIPPING GAZETTE" obtainable from the undersigned, or from The International Sleeping Car and Express Trains Co. (Aster House), or from Messrs. Thomas Cook and Son, Russian Asiatic Bank Buildings, 15 The Bund.

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S.S. West Conab ... Aug. 29	S.S. West Vaca ...
S.S. West Vaca ... Sept. 12	S.S. West Sequana ... Sept. —
S.S. Venezuela ... Sept. 13	S.S. Ecuador ... Sept. 20

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S.S. "WEST IBI" "WEST CADDO" and "DUEL"
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MEN OF WAR IN PORT

Section	Date	From	Name	Flag and Rating
WTW	June 19	11	Salpa	Br. gun-boat
ODW	June 19	11	Nightingale	Br. gun-boat
ODW	July 15	11	Kinsha	Br. gun-boat
P. & O. P.	July 15	11	Woodlark	Br. gun-boat
T.P.	July 26	11	Novels	Jap. destroyer
TKDD	Aug. 13	11	Monocacy	Am. gun-boat
T.C.	Aug. 13	11	Samar	Am. gun-boat
I.C.	Aug. 31	11	Wilmington	Am. gun-boat
			General Alaya	Am. gun-boat



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(Subject to Alteration)

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*ALTAI MARU 15,000 D. Fuchigami, Aug. 24 Aug. 27
FOR LONDON (Via Hongkong, Singapore, Colombo, Port Said and Rotterdam).
*ALASKA MARU 15,000 S. Ogawa, Sept. 14 Sept. 17
FOR GENOA and MARSEILLES.

Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave
*ALTAI MARU	15,000 D. Fuchigami	Aug. 24	Aug. 27
*ALASKA MARU	15,000 S. Ogawa	Sept. 14	Sept. 17
*JAVA MARU	15,000 J. Furumura	Sept. 22	Sept. 25

FOR LONDON (Via Hongkong, Singapore, Colombo, Port Said, Marseilles and Antwerp).
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KATORI MARU 19,000 Capt. E. Tozawa, Oct. 23

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YAMASHIRO MARU 7,000 Capt. Y. Nakajima, Aug. 27
CHIKUGO MARU 5,500 Capt. Y. Yoshida, Aug. 30

KASUGA MARU 7,000 Capt. Y. Takahashi, Sept. 3

MOJI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE

TAKEHISHI MARU 4,500 Capt. D. Awoshima, Aug. 27

YAWATA MARU 7,000 Capt. H. Nojiri, Aug. 30

OMI MARU 7,000 Capt. H. Yamamoto, Sept. 3

KUMANO MARU 9,500 Capt. T. Sekine, Sept. 6

FOR JAPAN

SHIDZUOKA MARU 12,500 Capt. R. Ozaki, Sept. 8

FOR HONGKONG

KATORI MARU 19,000 Capt. E. Tozawa, Sept. 23

FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG

FUSHIMI MARU 21,000 Capt. T. Iriawara, Sept. 8

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TANGO MARU 14,500 Capt. M. Nishimura, Sept. 24

NIKKO MARU 10,000 Capt. G. Yamazaki, Oct. 22

AKI MARU 13,500 Capt. S. Shibata, Nov. 19

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Regular Fortnightly Service between Yokohama and Calcutta
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F. HIRAIYAMA, Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha.

Tel. Address: Yusen, Shanghai.

CHINESE GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)
March 15th, 1919, and until further notice

Mail	Mail	Miles	Peking-Mukden Line	Mail	Mail
101.	3.			4.	6.
20.25	8.25	0	dep. Tientsin	19.50	
22.45	11.12	84	arr. Pukow	17.00	
23.00	11.17		dep. Tientsin	16.53	
24.00	11.25		arr. Pukow	16.45	
19.25		524	arr. Tientsin		
Local	Mail	Exp.	Tientsin-Pukow Line	Exp.	Local
5.	3.	1.		2.	4.
6.45	9.45	11.30	dep. Tientsin	17.05	15.45
6.55	9.55	11.40	arr. Pukow	16.55	15.35
7.25	10.15	11.55	dep. Tientsin	16.31	15.20
12.02	16.30	15.30	arr. Tientsin	13.05	11.23
16.40	19.20	18.08	dep. Tientsin	10.33	8.47
19.57	22.12	20.21	arr. Tientsin	8.06	6.00
7.25		220	arr. Tientsin		
6.00	22.25	20.31	dep. Tientsin	7.55	5.40
9.27	1.00	22.31	arr. Pukow	6.01	3.25
12.27	3.47	0.38	dep. Tientsin	3.49	0.40
12.47	4.02	0.48	arr. Pukow	2.39	0.02
16.20	6.55	8.16	dep. Tientsin	1.20	21.24
19.02	8.45	4.50	arr. Tientsin	23.36	19.20
9.25		420	arr. Tientsin		
6.40	9.00	4.57	dep. Tientsin	23.29	19.00
11.26	13.02	8.33	arr. Pukow	19.53	14.55
11.51	13.20	8.40	dep. Tientsin	19.46	14.55
18.27	17.34	11.62	arr. Pukow	16.48	10.10
20.08	18.58	13.00	dep. Tientsin	15.30	9.20
Local	Exp.	Exp.	Shanghai-Nanking Line	Exp.	Local
1.	2.	3.		4.	5.
23.00	14.20	0	dep. Shanghai	14.15	6.50
7.00	21.00	193	arr. Nanking	7.55	23.00

Yenchow-Tientsin Branch Line	Linchow-Tientsin Branch Line
13.10 4.10 4. Tientsin 12.05 23.53	21.30 16.40 9.30 4. Linchow 16.28 15.50 21.00
14.03 5.05 4. Tientsin 11.15 23.00	22.40 17.50 10.40 4. Tientsin 15.15 14.40 19.50

The station for the foreign concessions in Tientsin is "TIENTSIN-
EAST"

The T. P. E. Express Trains are provided with 1st and 2nd
class Sleeping, Dining accommodations and 3rd class cars only for
3rd class Through Passengers and servants accompanying 1st and
2nd class passengers.

Passengers travelling on the T. P. E. Express Trains must hold
Express Extra Tickets in addition to passenger tickets. Application
for Sleeping Accommodation should be made at the earliest possible
moment to the Traffic Manager at Tientsin, or to the Traffic Inspectors
at Tientsin, Tientsin, Hsuehchow or Pukow.

By Order
THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.
Tientsin, March, 1919.

Large Display Advertisements
intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press
should be sent in before 5 p.m. on Friday

Business and Official Notices

(Continued from Page 7)

MUNICIPAL NOTIFICATION

No. 2642

Choleraic Diarrhoea

The attention of the Public is
particularly directed to the follow-
ing Notice issued by the Health
Department:—

CHOLERAIC DIARRHOEA

Caused by Food Infected by the
Excretions of a Previous Case

HOW TO PREVENT

EAT AND DRINK

Nothing that has not been recently
cooked, boiled or otherwise
sterilised.

DO NOT CONSUME

1. Fruit, vegetables, salads,
melons, etc., which have not
been cooked or otherwise
sterilised.

2. Food on which flies have
settled.

3. Milk or cream which has not
been boiled or sterilised.

4. Ice-cream unless made from
boiled materials.

5. Water which has not been
boiled or filtered through a
germ-proof filter, the candle of
which should be boiled once a
week regularly.

6. Aerated waters or other
drinks unless of the best
quality.

FRUITS, TOMATOES, ETC., CAN BE STERILISED

so that they can be safely eaten
raw, and without scolding the
flavour, by dipping for a few
seconds in brisly boiling water.

By order,
N. O. LIDDELL,
Secretary.

Council Room,
Shanghai, August 7, 1919.

74846

WIDLER & CO.

CHUNGKING, WEST CHINA.

Szechwan Grass Cloth

Width: 20 inch. Length: 29 ft.

White, Dark and Light Blue.

Price Prepaid: \$7.50 per roll.

Sent postage free to any address
in the world.

"Just sufficient for your wants;
Ideal for the summer months."

—Marco Polo.

Telegraphic and cable address:
Widler-Chungking

Using Bentley's Complete Phrase
Code.

WIDLER & COMPANY,
Chungking, West China.

Dr. med. F. T. Klang

Physician and Surgeon

(Formerly Assistant at the Surgical
University Clinic of Berlin)

Specialist in venereal diseases.

Office: 85 Szechuen Road.

Consultation Hours: 2-4 p.m.

Telephone: No. C. 3844.

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag Agents
Aug. 26	—	San Francisco	Nanking	Am. C.M.S.S. Co.
Aug. 27	—	Vancouver	Meville Dollar	Br. H. D. & Co.
Aug. 28	—	Seattle	Western Knight	Am. H. D. & Co.
Aug. 29	—	Tacoma, etc.	Africa Maru	Jap. O. S. K.
Aug. 29	—	San Francisco	West Conab	Am. P.M.S.S. Co.
Sep. 1	—	New York via Suez	Teenak	Br. H. D. & Co.
Sep. 2	—	Seattle	Widriga	Am. H. D. & Co.
Sep. 6	—	San Francisco	Tancred	Br. H. D. & Co.
Sep. 6	—	Vancouver	E. of Russia	Br. C.P.O.S.
Sep. 7	—	New York via Panama	Sagapack	Br. H. D. & Co.
Sep. 11	—	Vancouver	Mathew	Br. C.P.O.S.
Sep. 12	—	San Francisco	West Vaca	Am. P.M.S.S. Co.
Sep. 13	—	San Francisco	Venezuela	Am. P.M.S.S. Co.
Sep. 14	—	San Francisco	China	Chl. C.M.S.N. Co.
Sep. 17	—	Vancouver	Harold Dollar	Br. H. D. & Co.
Sep. 18	—	Seattle, etc.	Pushimi Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Oct. 4	—	San Francisco	Nile	Am. C.M.S.S. Co.
Oct. 4	—	Vancouver	E. of Asia	Br. C.P.O.S.
Oct. 6	—	San Francisco	Tenyo Maru	Jap. T. K. K.
Oct. 15	—	New York via Suez	Curmedon	Br. H. D. & Co.
Oct. 24	—	Seattle, etc.	Katori Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.
Oct. 30	—	Vancouver	Bessie Dollar	Br. H. D. & Co.
Oct. 31	—	San Francisco	Shinyo Maru	Jap. T.K.K.

FOR JAPAN PORTS



AUCTION INDEX

WEDNESDAY, August 27th.—Furniture in Salesroom 10 a.m.
WEDNESDAY, August 27th.—Sundry Sound and Damaged Cargo 2.30 p.m.
FRIDAY, August 29th.—At 408 Avenue Joffre, Superior Household Furniture, at 10 a.m.
SATURDAY, August 30th.—Wines, Provisions, in Salesroom.
MONDAY, September 1st.—Superior Furniture at 33 Yu Yuen Road.
WEDNESDAY, September 3rd.—At Chang Kah Pang Wharf, at 3 p.m., Stone Crushing Machine with all accessories.

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT

SAVOY HOTEL

Re-modelled and Re-furnished

A Strictly First-Class Family Hotel, at Moderate Rates

Satisfactory Home with Excellent Service and Superior Cuisine

SPECIAL RATES FOR MONTHLY GUESTS

NOTICE TO EXPORTERS

We beg to inform Exporters of China Egg Products that we are manufacturing and selling all kinds of LIQUID, DRIED AND SPRAYED WHOLE EGG, YOLK AND ALBUMEN.

Our goods are manufactured by the most up-to-date process; our machines are the newest imported from America, and our outputs are supervised by the best EXPERTS. Any inquiry will have our immediate attention.

Address: 85 Kiangse Road, and 489 Tientsin Road, Shanghai.

Telephone: Central Nos. 2385 and 4008.

H. C. WANG

General Manager: Tung Hsin Ziang Egg Factories, Hung Yue Chong Egg Factory, Hsin Chong.



For brightening up the home, renewing chairs, tables, dressers—every article of furniture needing refinishing, the ideal varnish stain is

FLOORLAC

Stains and varnishes in one operation, giving a permanent finish and luster. It is economical to use.

For kitchen and bath-room floors, inside floor paint is a durable long wearing paint. It is inexpensive and easy to apply.

A full line of Sherwin-Williams products carried in stock.

A Finish For Every Surface

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS
PAINTS & VARNISHES
 Andersen, Meyer & Co., Ltd.
 DISTRIBUTORS
 SHANGHAI

Tientsin, Peking, Kalgan, Urga, Changsha, Canton, Harbin, Tientsin, Hankow, Hongkong, Vladivostok, Yunnanfu.

FLIGHTS ON ATLANTIC FURNISH MUCH DATA

Possibilities Of The Commercial Airplane Loom Brighter With Added Experience

FIGHT FIRES FROM ALOFT

Army Service Patrols From California Field Cover Wide Area Of Timberland

New York, July 16.—Now that the over-ocean flight has been successfully accomplished, with prospects that others as venturesome as Captain Alcock and his American comrade, Lieutenant Brown, will make additional transatlantic aerial voyages, gaining valuable data each trip, there reopens the question of the commercial value of the airplane.

Considering the overseas travel, it is not too far-fetched to fancy the airplane's development following much the same course as the development of ships. A quarter of a century ago, yes, perhaps a scant ten years ago, the thought of aerial liners, with cabins and dining-rooms, making day's trips between the air port of New York and the air port of London or Paris, was left entirely to persons who were regarded as imaginative, to say the least. As for those who pictured vast, substantially constructed freighters of the air winging their way with goods for export or import—well, they were considered a "little off."

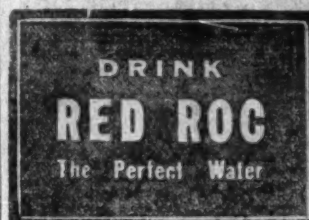
Already, according to the Air Service of the United States Army, our armies are engaged in work which, if not commercial, is at least not military or simply experimental. Out at Mather Field, near Sacramento, Cal., the army maintains the Mather Field Forest Fire Patrol, which covers daily a great area of timber land, watching for the fire which so frequently bursts forth to destroy great sections of the woods.

The first patrol was inaugurated on June 1 last and two patrols leave the field for their posts every morning. One of them wings back and forth between Mather Field and Tahoe National Forest. This post is approximately 130 miles long. The second patrol flies between the field and Eldorado National Forest, which is about the same distance. The time required for one circuit of each patrol is in the neighborhood of three and a half hours, with atmospheric conditions normal. The airplanes usually fly at an altitude of from 7,000 to 11,000 feet, the higher altitude being necessary at some points to clear mountain tops.

The first trips of the patrols were made by Lieutenant Tobin S. Cecil and Sergeant Cecil W. Buckley in Curtiss JN-4s, with OX-5 motors, equipped with extra gas tanks for four hours' capacity. The landing on the trip north to the Tahoe Reservation was made at Oroville and on the return at Chinese Station.

On the first trips three fires were spotted and reported to the United States Forestry Service, equipment being rushed to the locations reported and the fires put out before they had gained much headway.

Another use which the army is making of its airplanes and pilots is to employ them in flying recruiting campaigns. Almost every field now has its recruiting squadron, which, at scheduled times, takes to the air and flies out to enlist men in the Air Service. Recruiting officers, posted at various points throughout the country, report to Washington the fact that they have signed up a man or a number of men, and, while most of the recruiting airplanes from the field nearest the point reporting "business" is off to carry the man or men back to the field.



司公鏡眼益精國中
 Refracting and Manufacturing



Crookes, Torics
 AND
 Kryptoks
 CHINESE OPTICAL CO.
 2122 Nanking Road

BRITISH GUIANA OFFERS FIELD FOR CANADIANS

Speaker At Montreal Tells Of Enormous Resources To Be Found In Colony

(Reuter's Service)
 Montreal, August 21.—In an interview given by Mr. Macaulay, President of the Canadian West Indies League, respecting the statement that the Imperial Government is looking to Canada to develop the West Indies, he said that British Guiana had tremendous resources, was estimated that the sugar production of that colony could be increased from 105,000 to 2,500,000 tons, which was more than enough to supply the whole British Empire. Rice, timber, rubber and tobacco also had enormous possibilities. The United States was negotiating for the acquisition of Dutch Guiana and, if she got it, would make it a hive of industry and prosperity. Consequently British Guiana should not remain undeveloped merely because it was British. Mr. Macaulay expressed the opinion that the Government of British Guiana had already applied to begin negotiations with Canada.

China Political Notes From Chinese Press

The Cabinet on Friday approved the return of Messrs. Lu Cheng-hsiang, C. T. Wang and Wei Tseng-tsu, leaving Dr. Wellington Koo and Mr. Alfred Sze to represent China in Paris. The cablegram of Mr. Lu Cheng-hsiang on Friday informed Peking that the protest of China against the provisions of the revised Austrian peace treaty had been referred to the Austrian peace delegation by the five Powers.

Lin Chang-min, former Minister of Justice, has agreed to serve as the president of the Kichia Coolies' Association at Peking. His motive is to secure the position of the Chinese delegate to the International Labor Protection Commission.

The Military Government of Canton has still expressed no opinion on the appointment of Mr. Wang Yitang as Chief delegate, owing to different views held by the various cliques. Wang Yitang will go to Peking this month to see Mr. Chu Chi-chien, the former chief peace delegate, and take over the duties after this. He will proceed to Tientsin and thence go to the South in company with the other delegates. The Chinese delegates of the North will not be changed. It is said that another delegate may be added, probably Mr. Yu Pao-hsien, former Vice-Minister of the Interior.

Shipping Items

The C.M. s.s. Nanking left Hongkong for Shanghai on Saturday and is due at Woosung early this morning. The Nanking sails for Japan ports, Honolulu and San Francisco this evening and the tender with outgoing passengers and mails will leave the Customs Jetty at four o'clock.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangwah left Hankow for Shanghai on Saturday.

The P. & O. s.s. Nagoya will leave Kobe for Shanghai on August 20 and is due here on September 2.

The Nagoya sails for London on September 4.

The P. & O. s.s. Danera will leave Hongkong for Shanghai today and is due here on August 29.

The B.I. s.s. Itola was expected to leave Hongkong for Shanghai yesterday.

The L.C. s.s. Wingsang left Hankow for Shanghai on Sunday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Yohyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Sunday.

The S.M.R. s.s. Sakaki Maru arrived in Shanghai from Dairen via Yungtau yesterday morning and will sail for Dairen direct today at 1.30 p.m. The tender with outgoing passengers and mails will leave the Customs Jetty at an hour earlier.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Yawata Maru left Moji for Shanghai yesterday and may be expected to arrive tomorrow.

The L.C. s.s. Tackwo left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Hsinfeng left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Poyang left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Woosung will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangfo will leave Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Siankyang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The L.C. s.s. Kingsing is due in Shanghai from Tientsin, Weihaiwei and Chefoo tomorrow.

The L.C. s.s. Hwahlee (chartered) will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.M. s.s. Kianghsin will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.N. s.s. Ngankin will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

N.K.K. s.s. Tachang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.P.O.S. s.s. Empress of Russia sailed for Hongkong via Manila on Sunday.

The M.M. s.s. Andre Lebon left Shanghai for Marseilles via Hongkong and ports yesterday.

The M.M. s.s. Paul Lecat, with French mails, left Marseilles for Shanghai and ports Saturday and may be expected to arrive here on September 30.

Sailed from Shanghai

For San Francisco	July 24
Uncas	July 24
West Sequana	July 24
Stanley Dollar	July 23
Cadaretta	Aug. 6
Colombia	Aug. 17
For Seattle	
West Munham	July 23
For Vancouver	
Beagle Dollar	July 25
Empress of Asia	Aug. 9
For New York	
Euryades	July 24
Munster Castle	July 28
Gaelic Prince	Aug. 14
Gothic Prince	Aug. 17
For London, etc.	
Tamba Maru	July 1
Penang Maru	July 7
Prism	July 12
Mishima Maru	July 13
Sado Maru	July 21
Meichu Maru	July 30
Kitano Maru	Aug. 5
Neleus	Aug. 6
Kaness	Aug. 6
Helenus	Aug. 9
Amazon Maru	Aug. 9
Pembrokehire	Aug. 12
Telaresia	Aug. 15
Tomura Maru	Aug. 17
Inaba Maru	Aug. 18
Benedi	Aug. 20
Agapenor	Aug. 22
For Liverpool	
Tosa Maru	July 25
Awa Maru	Aug. 1
Tydeus	Aug. 4
Deucalion	Aug. 10
Tadima Maru	Aug. 18
For Copenhagen	
Arman	Aug. 16
For Marseilles	
Liverpool Maru	July 24
Saratov	Aug. 3
Melnam	Aug. 14
Kenkon Maru	Aug. 17
Andre Lebon	Aug. 25
For Bombay	
Dilwara	July 23
For Singapore	
Methven	Aug. 16
For Java	
Wergeland	Aug. 8
Tjiktini	Aug. 14
For Batavia	
Koranaes	Aug. 22
For Calcutta	
Lucorio	Aug. 9
Shingo Maru	Aug. 10
Arratoon Apar	Aug. 20

Amusements

EXHIBITION OF PAINTINGS

By Chinese Artists

An Exhibition of Paintings will be held in the World's Chinese Students' Federation, 51 Bubbling Well Road, beginning from the 26th August, at 2 to 10 p.m. every day, and lasting for one week. The Artist Liu Hsi-shu, who has recently painted Landscapes of Hangchow, Shanghai, Kintan, Nanchang, etc., together with many other pictures of human beings and animals, has over 400 pictures, and his friends, Messrs. Kiang Hsing, Wong-va-chen, Wong Chi-yuan and Chang Yuen, have also hundreds of paintings and pictures in water color, etc., to be exhibited.

The Federation has great pleasure in inviting the public to come and inspect them.

25067

ST. GEORGE'S GARDEN

Bubbling Well Road

TONIGHT

DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS

"The man with smiles"

in

"Flirting With Fate"

One of the best comedies

Pathe's Gazette and other new films

APOLLO THEATRE

TONIGHT, AUGUST 26th and 27th

Pathe presents

"HER LIFE AND HIS" A thrilling photoplay
 "HER LIFE AND HIS"

5 Parts of GOOD DRAMA

Celebrated artists

5 Parts of GOOD DRAMA

Splendid pictures in this City.

Taken by Messrs. Pathe Freres.

PATHE'S BRITISH AND AMERICAN GAZETTES

LONESOME LUKE in LONESOME LUKE

"LOOK OUT BELOW"

If you want a good hearty laugh, here is a film with laughter of the real hearty kind.

Time and prices as usual.

Thursday next: FRANK KEENAN in "TODD OF THE TIMES"

5th Season LYCEUM THEATRE

Commencing Monday, Sept. 1st

Mr. T. Daniel Frawley
 PRESENTS

The Frawley Company

in a series of New York and London successes.

Monday and Tuesday, September 1 and 2	"LIGHTNIN" The Greatest Character Play ever Written Mr. Frawley as "Lightnin Bill Jones."
Wednesday and Thursday, September 3 and 4	"SCANDAL" by Cosmo Hamilton The rage of London A modern society comedy-drama.
Friday and Saturday, September 5 and 6	"TURN TO THE RIGHT" A human interest story with a moral.
Prices \$3, \$2 and \$1	Booking at Moutrie & Co.
Saturday, September 6th, Matinee at 3 p.m.	
Usual Prices	"SCANDAL" Children Half-Prices

THE TROCADERO

14 Astor Road

Phone: N. 1469

Amusements

BOSTOCK'S GRAND CIRCUS

AT

Chang Su Ho Gardens

YOUR CHANCE TO SEE

Bostock's Wonders

THE LAST

6 DAYS 6

ONLY

TONIGHT AT 9.15

GRAND PERFORMANCE

3 Last Matinees 3

at 5.15 p.m.

Wednesday—Saturday—Sunday

CHILDREN HALF PRICE

TO ALL SEATS

Book at Moutrie's

Olympic Theatre

SHOWING

on

August 26th, 27th and 28th

DUSTIN FARNUM

in

"CAMEO
 KIRBY"

In Five Parts

AND OTHER NEW FILMS

"The Unwelcome
 Mrs. Hatch"

This famous emotional drama

With the distinguished dramatic
 artiste

HENRIETTA CROSMAN

WILL BE SCREENED

At the

Victoria Theatre

on August 26th, 27th and 28th

Complete New Programme

ISIS THEATRE

PROGRAMME

for

Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday 26th, 27th and 28th August

"THE LIGHTNING RAIDER"

15th Episode (Final)

ALSO SHOWING

A Most Enthralling Love-Drama,
 full of Sensation and Thrills:

"THREE WEEKS"

Five Parts

Adapted from Ellen Glyn's
 Famous Novel translated into the
 language of all civilised countries.